THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

FIFTEENTH YEAR | GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 22nd, 1917. | PRICE TWO CENTS

SUGGEST PARADE WHEN BOYS LEAVE

Gettysburg should Follow Example of Larger Towns it is Proposed.

EIGHTY GO ON SEPT. 1ST

Will Start for Camp Meade and should be Given Rousing Send-off, is General View.

On Saturday, September first—little more than two weeks distant—eighty fine young men from Adams County will leave here for Camp Meade at Admiral, Maryland, forming the first third of the quota from this district for the new National Army. Shall their departure be without any demonstration?

Cities and towns in every section of Pennsylvania are arranging parades and celebrations in honor of the boys who will go forth and, locally, it is not felt that Gettysburg should be lacking in this particular. Philadelphia started the movement to give the drafted men a rousing send-off and its action has met with the approval of men high in national and state affairs. A demonstration of large proportions will be staged there. In Chicago recently the drafted men held their own parade which also included many Regulars who accompanied them as a special compliment.

The smaller towns have taken up the idea. Hanover, for instance, has taken the initial steps to hold a patriotic celebration the day the first third of the quota leaves, and it is likely that, as each contingent goes forth, it will be escorted to the train by enthusiastic citizens.

Patriotic orders in the towns and cities generally are taking up the arrangements and it is believed that in Gettysburg they would lend their cooperation. Without question, a detail from the Army Camp here would be given to act as an escort. There should be music and lots of it and the town should be decorated gaily to show the community's appreciation of the men who are going forth to fight for their land.

There will be three contingents of eighty each to leave Gettysburg. The first of these will be due to report at the camp September first, the second about the middle of the month, and the third early in October. The Exemption Board is working day and night to complete its task so that there will be no hitch to interfere with Adams County furnishing its quota promptly.

Up to the present time no definite steps have been taken to stage the demonstration and it will remain for some organization—patriotic or otherwise—to assume the management of it, if it is to be done.

THEIR HOME ADMIRED

Successful Business Man to Copy New Oxford Residence.

Struck with the attractiveness of the new bungalow of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Eicholtz, Lincoln Way East, New Oxford, a man stepped from a big motor-car in front of the property, and asked if he and his companion could be shown through. Mrs. Eicholtz graciously opened the door and the strangers inspected the place.

Before leaving, the man, short of stature, and an expression of intelligence and refinement, said: "I don't suppose you know who I am". Mrs. Eicholtz admitted she did not. "Well, I'm one of the 57 varieties". And the stranger was none other than H. J. Heinz, the Pittsburgh "Pickle-King", who was on a trip to Philadelphia, accompanied by his sister, Miss Hetty.

In the conversation which followed, Mr. Heinz assured Mr. and Mrs. Eicholtz that their bungalow was the most striking, architecturally, and conveniently arranged inside, that he had ever seen. And, contemplating the erection of a bungalow for a relative in Pittsburgh, he intimated that he would send his architect to New Oxford in the near future to copy the plans.

PLEASE SEND NAME

Contribution of Items Cannot be Used without it.

The Times this morning received a letter of personal items from Aspers. It was unsigned. We will be glad to use it if the writer will promptly send us the name by mail or telephone.

MORE ACCEPTED

Half Century Mark for Adams County's Quota is Passed.

Nine more young men passed their physical examinations before the local Exemption Board this morning and made no claims for exemption. This brings the total to fifty one. The most recently accepted are:

195. Harry M. Kime, Biglerville, R2
1817. H. F. Dougherty, McSherryst'n
345. Harry C. Swisher, Hanover
574. A. R. Hassler, Fayetteville
1848. A. Snyder, McSherrystown
525. Floyd C. Sanders, Fairfield
1355. H. E. Baker, Fayetteville
319. James B. McGlaughlin, Fairfield

Four were regarded by the physicians as physically unfit and will be recommended for exemption on that ground. They are:

1727. Basil F. Eckenrode, New Oxford
1774. Edw. Leo Gebhart, Littlestown
477. Roy A. Eyler, Emmitsburg
911. H. C. Lackner, Jr., Gettysburg

Actions on other claims for exemption are now being considered.

SOLDIERS' SOCIAL

Many Attended this Entertainment on Tuesday Evening.

A largely attended and successful social for the soldiers was held in the recreation rooms of the Methodist church, Tuesday evening. The program consisted of readings, piano ducts, and solos, vocal duets, and games. Refreshments were served. The enjoyment of the occasion was further enhanced by excellent readings by Rev. Carl Drake, specialist on social activities.

COUNTRY STIRRED BY CALF DISPUTE

Who Owns this Animal is Question for Debate in Neighborhood of Thurmont.

Down by the Catoctin ore mines two miles south of Thurmont, numerous cows belonging to residents in that community roam at leisure through bushes.

A report from a resident in that vicinity stated that a cow owned by a Mr. Woolard had had two calves, the first being dead at birth; the second arriving about 10 days later big and healthy. During the evening of the same day the same person sent us word that the cow had not had two calves, but had stolen the last one. It was further learned that the Woolard cow had not been home on a Saturday night and was found in a secluded place Sunday with the calf. Both cow and calf were taken to the Woolard home.

Then came another person in the matter. Charles Fraley's cow gave birth to a calf out in the mountains, came home in the evening but the calf was not with her. Mr. Fraley, therefore, claimed that the calf found with the Woolard cow belonged to his cow and proceeded legally to secure the calf by issuing a writ of replevin. Justice Cadow gave the writ to Deputy Lidie, but Mr. Lidie could not get to the calf, the stable doors being securely locked.

The matter was aired in Justice Cadow's court. Mr. Fraley could not prove the calf his and Frank Stoner, attorney of Frederick, could not say it was impossible for a cow to have calves ten days apart. Deputy Lidie could not get the calf, and last reports are that said calf remains in the Woolard stable.

The questions to be decided are, did the Woolard cow have two calves, did she steal a calf, and did Fraley's cow give birth to the calf in the Woolard stable.

It would seem there is an elegant chance for both parties to spend more money than cow and calf are worth to plead their cases should the matter be carried to a higher court.

TO MAKE MUNITIONS

Hagerstown Factory will be Busy with Shell-Making.

The Poole Engineering & Machine Co., Baltimore, was awarded a contract calling for 700,000 one-pound shells for the United States government. This will be one of the largest shell orders placed by the government since war was declared. The company's one specialty is making one pounders. It has filled orders, worth millions of dollars, for the Russian government.

The Hagerstown branch of the company will be given some of the work on these contracts.

WANTED: lady clerks. Address "K" Times.—advertisement 1

GET SOLDIER ON FORGERY CHARGE

Passed One Check at Wineman Store and Made Effort to Pass Another.

IS NOW IN GUARD HOUSE

Offender is Said to be Son of Wealthy Banker. Was Found with Tell-Tale Check in Uniform.

The first instance of any soldier endeavoring to pass worthless checks, that has been reported to the authorities, was run down by J. B. Wineman, the Centre Square grocer, on Tuesday afternoon when, with the aid of several officers from camp, a man giving his name as Private J. W. Kreskie, was placed under arrest and put in the guard house. He is said to be the son of a wealthy banker. The name is declared to be an assumed one.

Last week the fellow went to the Wineman store and told Mrs. Wineman that a sergeant in his company, who had been accustomed to deal there, had sent him in to have a check cashed for $10.90. The officer was well known and the money was quickly forthcoming. When the check was taken to the bank it was found to be worthless.

The sergeant was told about it the next day and said that no one in the company had been given any such check and that the signature was a forgery. An investigation was at once put under way and arrangements were made to have the whole company assembled and to make an effort at identification on Tuesday.

However, before that was accomplished, the same fellow went to the Wineman store again, this time with the same story and a check for $23.00. Mr. Wineman asked him if he had endorsed the check and he replied that he had. He then asked him to reproduce the signature and he did this, though showing some nervousness. He was told to return in a half hour and that he would then be given the money.

As soon as the soldier had gone, Mrs. Wineman told her husband that he was the one who has passed the $10.90 check some days before, and a hurried trip was made to camp where several officers of the offending soldier soon found him and in his uniform was the tell-tale check.

He became thoroughly confused when found he had been trapped.

HEALTH SQUABBLE MAY BE SETTLED

If Council Enacts Certain Restrictions on Local Practices. Make Proposal.

A reasonable adjustment of the existing argument between the town of Gettysburg and the State Board of Health is in sight.

Charles W. Webbert, inspector of the State Department, has communicated to Borough Attorney Swope the suggestion that if the Gettysburg council will pass an ordinance forbidding the keeping of pigs in town except in conformity with the rules of the local board of health; and an ordinance that will require all property owners along streets that have sewers to abandon surface closets, and those that have no access to sewers to build their outhouses in accordance with plans of the local board, then the Commissioner of Health will restore the Gettysburg board.

Mr. Webbert also expressed the belief that, if this arrangement could be put through, no charge would be made the borough for the work already done here by the state men, and that several inspectors could be kept on duty the remainder of the summer at the expense of the department.

The matter will come up for action at a special meeting of council.

SCHOOL PICNIC

Presbyterians will Have their Outing on Saturday.

The Presbyterian Sunday School will have their annual picnic at the grove at Bender's Bridge on Friday afternoon.

I want potatoes. Bring them in now. Buohl's, Carlisle street.—advertisement 1

ALLIES SUCCESS GOES ON

French, Italians, and Canadians Continue to Go Forward.

(By Cable)

London, Aug. 22—The war's greatest concerted drive continued to-day unabated, with success reported from every quarter.

The French troops have probably made the most decided advances, driving the Germans still farther from Verdun. Well directed counter attacks during the night accomplished nothing but severe losses for the Teutons.

Next in violence was the Italian drive over the entire Italian-Austrian front. Rome reports continued successes and an official estimate places the Austrians' losses in dead, wounded, and captured at 35,000.

Field Marshal Haig's Canadian forces tightened their net more closely around Lens and drove back many desperate charges by the Germans. The Canadians now surround three sides of the city.

BAKERY CAMP HERE

Gettysburg One of Four Places Selected for Work.

(By Telegraph)

New York, August 22—Army bakeries for troops in training here are to be established at Gettysburg, Pa.; Washington; Syracuse, N. Y.; and Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., by the quartermaster's department. Capt. John C. Pegram is enlisting 1010 bakers. There will be a total of 10 bakeries. Later big army bread factories will be placed along the American lines of communication in France.

Several bakery companies have already been formed here and are not only doing the bread making for the Gettysburg camp but are engaged in training the new recruits. One entire company was sent this week to a camp in the Carolinas where they will continue the work.

NO HOPE OF PEACE

Germany Sees no Possibility of an Early Settlement.

(By Cable)

Amsterdam, Aug. 22—Berlin sees no hope of an early peace, according to dispatches from that city to-day. Germany is very pessimistic following Chancellor Michaelis' speech to a committee of the Reichstag yesterday in which he denied that the Pope's peace proposal had been inspired by the Central Powers. In conclusion he declared that the union between Germany and Austria was now stronger than ever before.

ANOTHER AIR RAID

Two German Flyers Brought Down when they Visit England.

(By Cable)

London, Aug. 22—Ten enemy aeroplanes visited England to-day dropping bombs on Dover and Margate. Commander French, of the Home Defense Forces, stated that two of the 'planes were brought down before they were able to get away. Three residents are known to have been killed and two injured. Property damage is reported as slight. The raid occurred at 10:15 this morning.

SERIOUS WRECK

One Dead and Forty Injured in Railroad Smash in Ohio.

(By Telegraph)

Toledo, Aug. 22—An excursion train, crowded with retail grocers on an outing to Sugar Island, was wrecked this morning about ten o'clock, at Line City, ten miles from here. One is known to be dead and it is thought the list of injured will reach forty. The wreck occurred on the Toledo and Ohio Central. The grocers were from Columbus and other Ohio cities.

CONDITION IMPROVED

Mrs. Granville's Recovery Expected, According to To-Day's Reports.

Word from the Harrisburg Hospital to-day was to the effect that there was a very marked improvement in the condition of Mrs. W. A. Granville who underwent a serious operation there on Monday. Her recovery is now confidently expected, and Dr. Granville will return from Harrisburg this afternoon or this evening.

BATH TOWELS, wash rags, sponges, bath and tolet soaps. People's Drug Store.—advertisement 1

FALLS IN PATH OF MOVING CAR

Heavy Freight Carrier Passes over Arm of Brakeman in Gettysburg Yards.

HAND ON WHEEL SLIPPED

Right Arm Crushed Near Shoulder. Fortunate to Escape Fatal Injury. Hurried to Hospital.

Falling from a freight car in the Gettysburg yards this morning, James F. Zimmerman, brakeman, dropped immediately in front of the moving car and two wheels passed over his right arm near the shoulder, crushing it badly. Zimmerman, though suffering intense pain, did not lose consciousness.

The car was being shifted when the accident occurred and it is thought that the unfortunate fellow lost his hold on the brake wheel. He could not save himself and fell onto the rail. Fortunately only the one arm was caught or the accident would have resulted fatally.

He was picked up by other members of the crew and taken to the passenger station where a United States Army surgeon, who happened to be present, gave him first aid attention and he was then placed on the 10:55 passenger train and taken to Harrisburg.

Zimmerman's home is in that city where he resides at 1310 Cameron street. He has been brakeman on the Reading Railroad for the brief period of five weeks.

About ten years ago a railroader was fatally hurt in the Gettysburg yards in almost the same manner as Zimmerman was hurt to-day. He was drawing the brake wheel when it gave way and he, too, fell in the path of the car. Both legs were cut off and he was taken to Harrisburg but died within a few hours after suffering the most intense agony.

MATINEE SATURDAY

Hunterstown has Good Race Card for this Week.

Workmen have been engaged this week in putting the track, near Hunterstown, in condition for the matinee to be held Saturday next, August 25. A good list has been entered. The free-for-all will be of special interest as Eddie C., owned by Dr. Seaks, New Oxford, and Rubrician, Jr., by Oyler & Spangler, will compete.

THREE CARNIVALS OPERATING HERE

Equipped with Caroussels, Side Shows, Shooting Galleries, and so on.

Three carnivals are now in full swing for the entertainment of the soldiers. The sections of town near the camp give the appearance of a county fair in full swing. Three merry-go-rounds, all with fully equipped organs and other paraphernalia, add to the gayety and at one of the sites a large Ferris wheel does a big business.

The first of the carnivals arrived several weeks ago and took up its place on Franklin street. The second came last week and established itself on South Washington street, across the road from the Sixtieth Regiment. The third came in Monday and Tuesday, and is now doing business on Steinwehr avenue. Any number of shooting galleries and other similar devices are included, together with the usual sideshows. The lights are bright, the crowds good, and business brisk.

That the boys are eager for this sort of thing is demonstrated by the patronage they are giving and hundreds of them are there nightly. The large carnival on Steinwehr avenue was brought here from the Maryland State Grange picnic and will go to Stewartstown after two weeks' stay.

Amusement holds sway every night. The Tent Theatre, which has been drawing well ever since it was opened, has been greatly enlarged

FOR SALE: bay mare with mule colt by side. W. S. Flook, Table Rock.—advertisement 1

TENNIS, baseball and sporting goods of all kinds. People's Drug Store.—advertisement 1

FREY—KINTZING

Evening Wedding in Lutheran Church at Hanover.

Miss Mabel Kintzing, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Kintzing, of Hanover, and Calvin J. Frey, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Frey, that town, were married at seven o'clock Tuesday evening in St. Matthew's Lutheran church by Rev. Ralph H. Bergstresser.

The bridal party included Miss Edith Miller, of Frederick, Md.; Mrs. Ellsworth Bollinger, of York; Mrs. Ralph Heusner, Miss Gertrude Kintzing, Miss Helen Sheffer, the little Misses Eva and Henrietta Kintzing, of Hanover, and Weaver Smith, of McSherrystown, and Messrs. Leon Frey, James Klunk, William Young, and Chester Frey, of Hanover.

MORE SOLDIER WEDDINGS

Number of Bridegrooms in Camp Continues to Mount.

Allen H. Ridge, a private in Company G, 58th Infantry, and Miss Sara E. Paris, of Harrisburg, were married by Rev. Robert H. Taylor, of Hershey.

Rex Lamar, a cook in the Machine Gun Company, 7th Infantry, and Miss Kathryn N. Lemmon were married by Dr. T. C. Billheimer.

FOX—LOUNSBURY

Miss Ella May Lounsbury and Mervin R. Fox, both of Detroit, Michigan, were married in the Methodist church, Tuesday morning, by Dr. R. S. Oyler.

OFFICERS SPEAK AT CONVENTION

Knights of Pythias Hear from Supreme Rulers. Pick Erie for Next Year.

Two of the supreme officers of the Knights of Pythias visited the Grand Lodge in session in the Court House this morning and made addresses to the 500 delegates assembled there.

Supreme Chancelllor John J. Brown, of Valencia, Ohio, told of the various lines of work of the Pythian order and dwelt at some length on its different branches, paying special attention to the Uniformed Rank, the Pythian Sisters, and the Khorassan. He also spoke of the $500,000 Red Cross fund of the order and of the relief work proposed for the members at the front.

Supreme Vice Chancellor Davis spoke more particularly of the insurance feature of the order, its honorable record in the past, its stable character at present, and the great benefit it will be to the families of members, and to the members themselves, in the future.

William Sylvester, of Pittsburgh, received the greatest number of votes for grand inner guard, but not enough to elect. The election will be continued until a final selection is made. This evening's session will see a discussion of various proposed amendments.

Erie was selected for the place of holding next year's convention.

QUESTION HIS SANITY

Commission Sits to Hear Evidence in Case of Herman McFerren.

At the last term of Franklin County court, Herman McFerren, who is deaf and dumb, was sent to the county jail for setting fire to some timber land, near Tomstown. His term has expired and the authorities are in a quandary as to what to do with him. The court was petitioned to appoint a commission to look into his mental condition. The following were named by the court at commissioners: Edmund C. Wingerd, Dr. B. F. Myers, and A. L. Shafer. They met to take evidence on the man's sanity.

STRIKE SETTLED

Day and Night Shifts are now at Work.

The strike at the Ox Fibre Brush plant at Frederick, which caused about seventy-five operators in the brush and finishing departments to walk out eight days ago has been amicably adjusted and the last of the men returned to work Monday. While the terms of the adjustment were not made known, it is said, that all parties concerned arrived at a satisfactory agreement and work in both departments is going on as usual. The plant is being run day and night to fill orders from all parts of the United States.

MRS. SMUCKER DIES AGED 91

Widely Known Littlestown Resident Dies at her Home. Other County Deaths.

TIMES OF THE FUNERALS

Twin Son of Mr. and Mrs. Simpson Dies from Brief Illness. Former Resident is Taken.

MRS. LEVI SMUCKER

After a prolonged sickness Mrs. Catherine Smucker, East King street, Littlestown, died at her home about 5:30 o'clock Tuesday morning. She was the widow of Levi Smucker and was 91 years, 2 months, and 9 days old.

She leaves four daughters and two sons: Mrs. Mary Sparver, of Monmouth, Ill.; Mrs. S. S. Dowhower and David E. Smucker, of Harrisburg; Mrs. Edward Snyder, of near Hoffman's Orphanage, and Miss Lucinda Smucker, and A. Smucker, of Littlestown.

Funeral services at the house at 10:30 o'clock Thursday and the interment in the Mt. Carmel cemetery. Rev. T. M. Stone, of the Methodist church, will officiate.

GEORGE E. SIMPSON

George Edgar Simpson, twin son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Simpson, of York Springs, died Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock after two days' illness of cholera infantum, aged 11 months and 1 day.

He leaves his parents, his twin brother, John William Simpson, and his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. George C. Shaeffer, of York Springs, and Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Simpson, Harrisburg.

Funeral Thursday afternoon, services at the house at two o'clock, conducted by Rev. Paul Glatfelter, assisted by Rev. Mr. Dougherty. Interment in Sunnyside Cemetery, York Springs.

DAVID McC. McILHENNY

David McCreary McIlhenny died at his home in Cleveland, Ohio, Monday. He was a son of the late John T. McIlhenny, of Gettysburg, and a nephew of W. A. McIlhenny, of Lincoln avenue. Interment will be made in Cleveland.

IN MILL RACE

Gettysburgian is Injured when Car Goes through Bridge.

Ralph Deatrick was badly bruised in an automobile accident early Tuesday morning when a large touring car he was driving crashed through a bridge railing between Carlisle and Mt. Holly Springs throwing him and six soldiers into a mill race. The automobile was partly overturned, but one of the soldiers, who had jumped, succeeded in righting it sufficiently to allow several others to escape and they, in turn, got out the others. Deatrick and two of the soldiers received treatment at the Carlisle hospital and returned home in the afternoon. The other soldiers got a car and came back the same night.

TO LIFT MORE TOLL

Will Soon Inspect Lincoln Highway in Pennsylvania.

Additional steps are being taken by the Pennsylvania State Highway Department looking to the release of that section of the Lincoln Highway in Lancaster county from the prevailing toll charges.

An inspection of the road is to be made by engineers of the highway department and a price basis to be determined from their findings. If the figures of the holding companies controlling the toll road are not too greatly at variance with those of the state officials a prompt bargain is expected

ON APPLE PACKING

Beales Law will be in Effect September First.

The State Department of Agriculture is arranging to begin on September 1, enforcement of the Beales apple standard law of 1917. The bureau of markets will be in charge, although information for failure to observe its provisions may be brought by any individual before a magistrate.

YOUNG GIRL for general housework few hours daily. Apply 207 East Middle street.—advertisement 1

FIERCE BATTLE RAGING AT LENS

The Whole Line is a "Seething Caldron."

HAND-TO-HAND FIGHTING ON

Canadians Are Pushing to Heart of City in One of Most Desperate Struggles of the War.

British Front in France and Belgium, Aug. 22.—Most strenuous fighting is proceeding in the Lens area.

The whole line is a seething caldron. Two thousand yards of German positions west and northwest of Lens have been captured by the Canadian forces. Heavy fighting is still going on and three German counter attacks were repulsed.

Canadian troops around Lens launched another attack on the eastern environment of the French mining city. So reports the Reuter correspondent from the British headquarters in France.

The attack developed into one of the most desperate hand-to-hand battles of the war. When the Canadians went over the top they saw masses of gray figures advancing towards them in the thick haze. Both sides had planned the attack at the same moment.

Fifteen minutes after the clash came the Germans were making their last stand on the parapet of their trench. They retreated rapidly.

The Germans made a third attempt to reeapture positions near Epehy recently taken by the British. The war office announces that they were repulsed completely.

"Early in the morning," the statement says, "the enemy made a third attempt to regain ground recently captured southeast of Epehy. Though supported by flammenwerfer, his attacking troops were repulsed completely. We hold all our positions. East of Epehy our troops raided the German lines on a wide front in the neighborhood of the St. Quentin canal and brought back prisoners. We improved our positions slightly during the night north of the Ypres-Menin road."

French Win Again at Verdun.

Paris, Aug. 22.—Counter attacks of extreme violence were made by the Germans in an effort to recapture positions taken in the French offensive on the Verdun front.

The war office announces that the Germans were beaten back with heavy losses. The number of prisoners now exceeds five thousand.

The German attacks were especially severe at Avocourt wood and north of Cauttieres.

Attacks also were made by the Germans without success on the Aisne front near Cerny and Hurtebise.

"On the Cerny plateau," the statement says, "the Germans made attacks at three different points. On two occasions our fire broke up the assaulting waves which were thrown back greatly weakened, to the German lines. The other attack, west of Hurtebise monument also was repulsed.

"On the front north of Verdun the Germans reacted energetically during the night. Their counter attacks which were extremely violent, especially at Avocourt wood and north of Cauriercs wood were broken up by our fire. The enemy suffered heavy losses with no result. Our troops maintained all their gains and organized the captured positions. The number of unwounded prisoners taken by us exceeds 5000, of whom 116 are officers."

Verdun has received hundreds of shells which simply added to the destruction in the city. All the ground within eight miles of the front lines was strewn repeatedly with shells containing a horrible new German gas known as "mustard gas," affecting the mucous membrane and any portion of the body which was exposed, causing terrible blisters, as its base was sulphuric acid, and bringing a slow and painful death if it entered the lungs.

German Troops From Galicia Arriving.

Amsterdam, Aug. 22.—A frontier telegram to the Echo Belge says numerous troops are arriving in Flanders from Galicia.

LINER IN ACTION NEAR COAST

Vessel Seen Zigzagging and Firing Guns 130 Miles Off Nantucket.

An Atlantic Port, Aug. 22.—An American schooner which arrived from Nova Scotia, reported having sighted at eleven o'clock last Thursday morning about 130 miles east of Nantucket, a large passenger ship zigzagging and circling about and firing her guns.

About twenty-five shots were fired. As the ship was eight miles distant and the weather very hazy the object at which she was firing could not be made out.

Parliament Adjourns.

London, Aug. 22.—Parliament took a recess until October 16. The time which has elapsed since the war statement of the premier, David Lloyd George, has been occupied in clearing up several small measures of domestic legislation.

Italy's Wheat Crop Short.

Rome, Aug. 22.—The latest agricultural reports show that Italy expects this year from America a larger importation of wheat than last year, the crop averaging 147,000,000 bushels against 176,000,000 last year.

Or None at All.

The man who empties his purse into his head will get a bigger head, no doubt, but he will soon also need a bigger purse.—Exchange.

REAR ADMIRAL BOWLES

To Aid Capps in Rushing Work on Merchant Fleet.

Photo by American Press Association.

Rear Admiral F. T. Bowles, retired and Chief Constructor Elliott Snow, of the navy, have been named special assistants to Rear Admiral Capps, general manager of the emergency fleet corporation. Admiral Bowles was at one time president of the Fore River Shipbuilding company. He will direct the work of speeding-up construction on ships building in American yards taken by the fleet corporation.

MICHAELIS CAUTIOUS IN PEACE ADDRESS

Expected to Express Sympathy With Efforts of Pope.

Copenhagen, Aug. 22.—At the meeting of the main committee of the reichstag, the chancellor, Dr. Michaelis, was expected to declare the pope's peace note in general accord with the German government's peace proposal of December 12, 1916, and the recent reichstag resolution on the same subject.

Therefore, it was to be sympathetically received in Germany. Germany cannot discuss details, and particularly under no circumstances can it enter into a discussion of the status of Alsace-Lorraine as a part of the German empire.

The chancellor, according to this forecast, will say that as Germany has earlier indicated its desire to make peace, the first word must come from the other side.

A meeting of the bundesrat committee on foreign affairs had been called in Berlin under the chairmanship of the Bavarian premier, Count Hertling, to discuss the situation created by the pope's note and to approve the lines of the chancellor's speech.

U. S. Reply to Harmonize With Allies.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Secretary of State Lansing made it clear that the subject of the American reply to the pope still was in the hands of President Wilson.

He said he had received no official communication from the allies defining their position.

The state department has no official knowledge of the proposed conference of allies. No memoranda have passed in relation to it. It is generally believed that an interchange of opinion is continuing and that the response of the United States will harmonize with that of the others, while clearly stating the position of this government.

That Russia will reject the pope's peace proposals was forecast in a statement by Boris Bakhmeteff, the Russian ambassador, which is supposed to have been issued by direction of the provisional government at Petrograd.

DON'T WANT NEGRO TROOPS

South Carolinians Protest Against Encampment of Colored Soldiers.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Governor Manning, of South Carolina, accompanied by Senators Tillman and Smith, and the remainder of the state delegation in congress, protested to the war department against the encampment of negro troops in the state.

They protested against the assembling of thousands of negro troops at Columbia, and particularly against the encampment of several thousand from Porto Rico. Porto Rico negroes, the delegation contended, were unused to the southern view of the negro question, and should be mobilized elsewhere.

Senator Tillman asked that the Porto Rican troops be encamped in Cuba

Airmen Again Raid Belgium.

London, Aug. 22.—Another of the series of air raids over Belgium which have been made at frequent intervals for tome time, was carried out Sunday night. The following report was made by the admiralty: "At about midnight August 19-20, the Royal Naval Air service dropped many tons of bombs on the Middelkerke dump and the Brugeoise works. All the machines returned safely."

Learning From the Mule.

"A mule," said Uncle Eben, "should be a warnin' against kickin'. De better he does it, de more unpopular he gits."

ITALY'S BLOWS BEND FOE'S LINE

Take 10,000 Prisoners in New Offensive.

RESISTANCE IS DESPERATE

Austrian Defenses on Isonzo Giving Away in Places—Floating Batteries and Monitors Aiding Attacks.

Rome, Aug. 22.—More than 10,000 prisoners had been taken by the Italians in their new offensive up to Monday evening, the war office announces.

The great battle on the Isonzo front continues without interruption. The war office states that the Austrian line is beginning to bend and give way at various points.

The Italians, supported by floating and fixed batteries and monitors are marching toward success which, the statement says, is becoming delineated in spite of undiminished enemy resistance.

Enemy defense between Corite and Selo near the strongly fortified Starlokva position, have been captured by the Italians.

"Over the battle field 261 of our airplanes have flown," says the statement. "Troops massed between Selo and Comeno and on the eastern slopes of Monte Hermada were bombarded. Works at the Tarvis railway center and enemy troops in movement were bombarded with five tons of high explosives. One of our pursuit machines did not return to its base. One enemy airplane was brought down.

"On Sunday night the enemy attempted a diversion by concentrating his fire and carrying local attacks at various points on the Trentino and Carnia fronts. He was repulsed everywhere. One of his storming parties was destroyed in the Lagarina valley and another, which had succeeded in gaining a foothold in one of our advance posts southeast of Monte Malo, was driven back by a front counter attack.

"In Albania, an enemy airplane was hit by our rifle fire and forced to land within the enemy lines."

British and French Guns Help.

Copenhagen, Aug. 22.—The special correspondent of the Cologne Gazette on the Isonzo front has telegraphed as follows to Berlin:

"The artillery concentration for the eleventh Isonzo battle surpasses all earlier preparations. The roar of more than 5000 cannon in uninterrupted activity can be heard deep into the Tyrol. The presence of a great number of British and French guns of the heaviest calibre has been established."

G. A. R. VETERANS PARADE

Only 8000 Blue Coated, Gray Haired Men Were in Line.

Boston, Aug. 22.—What is left of the Grand Army of the Republic passed in view of the citizens of Boston.

Crowds along the route gave the veterans a demonstrative welcome, but the cheering was tempered by the thought that this probably would be the last appearance in this city of the Grand Army as a national organization.

About 8000 blue-coated, gray-haired men were in line, as compared with nearly 50,000 who formed the procession of the last reunion in this city. Many of the men of eighty years and more rode in automobiles, but there were hundreds of nearly that age who marched over the entire route.

U. S. Grant Post, of New York, headed the line as guard of honor, carrying the colors of Commander-in-Chief Patterson, while Illinois led the line of states, with a delegation 100 strong. Wisconsin was next, with fifty men; Pennsylvania, with 300; Ohio, with 100; New York, with 500, and so on through the whole roster of states.

The Nebraska men attracted attention as they swung past one of the reviewing stands by singing "We'll Hang the Kaiser to a Sour Apple Tree."

AMBULANCE CAMP HEALTHY

Medical Examinations Show Surprisingly Few Disorders Abong Men.

Allentown, Pa., Aug. 22.—A high state of mental and physical efficiency among members of the army ambulance corps has been revealed by the rigid examinations now under way in the concentration camp by a special board of surgeons.

The tests are about 80 per cent complete. Surprisingly few cases of constitutional disease or nervous disorder were discovered. Only half a dozen men of almost 4000 examined were found to have traces of tuberculosis, and the medical officers believe that by continuing the outdoor training for them the disease will be eliminated.

Falls, Breaks Neck, Walks Home, Dies.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Aug. 22.—Following a christening in the Brookside section, Andrew Lopkerwit fell down a flight of steps and had his neck broken. Regaining his feet, he made no request for help, but walked directly to his home and went to bed. A few minutes later he called his wife and complained of increasing pain that tortured him so much. Lopkerwit called a doctor and priest. Religious consolation was given and he died before the doctor could complete an examination.

Powers of Imagination.

When a fellow is in love he can see poetry in every return snap of her jaw as she mangles a wad of chewing gum.—Pittsburgh Post.

HUGH S. GIBSON

Awarded Big Promotion For Excellent Work in Belgium.

Photo by American Press Association.

Hugh S. Gibson, former secretary of the legation in Brussles, who did notable work in the futile efforts to prevent the execution of Edith Cavell, has received promotion, making him a secretary of the first class.

BIG NUMBER KILLED IN SPAIN UPRISING

Troops Turn Artillery on Rioters in Barcelona.

Barcelona, Spain, Aug. 22.—Violent rioting has been taking place in Barcelona and the neighboring towns since last Monday when a general strike was proclaimed.

Firing from the roofs of houses and from behind closed shutters has been going on daily.

A considerable number of persons have been killed and many have been wounded though no reliable figures are available.

Artillery was brought into action against some buildings which were strongly held by the rioters and three houses were destroyed by shell fire.

While these events are going on in Barcelona and in other Catalonian towns, reports are circulated by word of mouth of great disturbances in other parts of Spain and of a republic being proclaimed at Balboa and Saragossa. It is impossible to learn the truth regarding these rumors as a rigid censorship is exercised over the telephone and telegraph lines and the newspapers.

All the liberal daily newspapers have been suppressed. The only journals appearing in Barcelona are the "Vanguardia" which prints only official and inaccurate reports, and the Diagrafico, commonly believed to be subsidized by the Germans.

INCOME TO WAR RELIEF

Man Inherits Fortune and Donates $60,000 a Year During War.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—Arthur Shattuck, the concert pianist, who inherited a large estate upon the death of his father, F. C. Shattuck, a Wisconsin paper manufacturer, has turned the entire income from the estate over to war relief for the duration of the conflict.

Mr. Shattuck expects to earn his living by giving concerts.

The Harris Trust and Savings Bank, which will act with the advice of a committee, was appointed trustee to carry out the plan. The income exceeds $60,000 a year. Mr. Shattuck particularly desires to aid European associates and colleagues of the musical profession who have been rendered destitute.

For three years Mr. Shattuck's Paris residence has been used by war victims, and when the United States joined the allies he turned his yacht over to the government.

Two Motorcyclists Fatally Hurt.

Pottstown, Pa., Aug. 22.—George J. and James W. Heckman, of Reading, met with a fatal accident a short distance below here. They were riding a motorcycle with a sidecar when they were struck by a Reading Transit company trolley car. James Heckman was instantly killed and his companion sustained a crushed skull.

U. S. Buys 100,000 Tons of Sugar.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Contracts for 100,000 tons of sugar have been placed by the government for army and navy requirements at a price to be fixed by the food administration. At the present market price the contract would amount to between $12,000,000 and $15,000,000.

The Weather.

Forecast for this section: Unsettled today and probably tomorrow; variable winds.

From Experience.

Let men say what they will; according to the experience I have learned I require in married women the economical virtue above all other virtues.—Fuller.

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Short Paragraphs of Interest. Guests in Many Gettysburg Homes.

MANY VISIT ELSEWHERE

Mention of People on Short Journeys to Nearby Towns and those Spending the Day with Friends here.

William J. Berdine, of East Orange, N. J., traveling salesman for the local furniture factory, is spending several days in town on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Frommeyer and family are spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Frommeyer, on Chambersburg street.

Miss Edith Sheely, who has been visiting friends at Reading, has returned to her home on Springs avenue.

Mrs. J. Edward Billheimer and son, Edward, have returned to their home at Tamauqua, after a visit at the home of Dr. and Mrs. T. C. Billheimer, on Springs avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter H. Ziegler, who have been spending several days with friends and relatives here, have returned to their home at Edri.

William Martin, of Baltimore street, is on a business trip of several days to Piedmont.

Miss Gertrude Doersom, of Charlottesville, Virginia, is spending her vacation with her sister, Miss Anna Doersom, East Middle street.

Norman Warren, of East Orange, N. J., is spending several days at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Warren, Stratton street.

Mrs. L. C. Wilson, of Butler, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Remmel, on East Middle street.

Dr. M. Swartz, of Harrisburg; Rev. J. N. Reiley, of York; and Rev. Carl V. Drake, of Williamsport, were guests of Dr. and Mrs. R. S. Oyler, on Tuesday.

Miss Anna Hollebaugh has gone to Baltimore to spend a week on business.

Miss Helen Musselman, of Baltimore street, left this morning for a visit with friends in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Ross Myers, of Chambersburg street, went to Spring Grove this morning to attend the funeral of Mrs. Paul R. Myers, which will be held on Thursday.

Mrs. Ray Rupp, of East Middle street, has gone to Arlington, Maryland, where she will visit friends for the remainder of the week.

Miss Lillian Rowe and Miss Mary Rowe, of North Washington street, were the guests of friends in New Oxford to-day.

Miss Frances Rowe has returned to Baltimore after a visit at the home of Miss Marguerite Weaver, on West High street.

Charles S. Butt Esq. has returned to his home on Carlisle street after a week's trip to Atlantic City.

Miss Mary McAllister and Miss Margaret McAllister have gone to Harrisburg for a visit of several days with relatives.

Mrs. Frank Fisher, of Walbrook, Mrs. Veronica Swartzkopf and son, Frank, of Baltimore, are spending two weeks with relatives and friends in town.

Mrs. Samuel Weiser and son, Donald Weiser, of East Middle street, went to Philadelphia to-day to attend the funeral of a son of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Zimmerman. Mrs. Zimmerman was formally Miss Anna Weiser, of Gettysburg.

Rev. and Mrs. George N. Lauffer, of Steelton, are spending several days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Myers, Centre Square.

TO SHORTEN ARMY COAT.

Baker to Follow Pershing's Advice Regarding Uniforms.

While Secretary of War Baker declined to approve suggested changes in the regulation army coat, it is believed he will approve several recommendations concerning modifications of uniform which have been received from General Pershing.

These changes are all based upon trench conditions as found by General Pershing. It is suggested that the overcoat and "slicker" be shortened to knee length to remove the interference while walking in a narrow trench. Another suggestion is that a knitted skull cap be added to the equipment of every soldier, to be worn under the trench helmet.

General Pershing also recommended the adoption of a jacket made of leather and blanket lined, instead of the present fleece lined garment; changes in the length of gloves and in the type of puttees now issued were proposed.

Ting-a-ling-a-ling!

Instead of referring to them as "the ladies of hell," why not denominate the kitties euphoniously and briefly as "Hell's belles?" asks the Chicago Tribune.

A Fair and Square Judge.

When two Elm City, W. Va., men went to court over a fox terrier's ownership the judge sent them to opposite corners and left it to the dog.

OXFORD SALE--- NOW

WOMENS', ODDS & ENDS; 100 Pairs $1.48 & 1.98

Womens' Regular Stock Patents and Tans	30	per cent. Off.
" " " Gun Metal	20	" "
" " " Vici Kid	10	" "

Men's and Boys' Regular Stock,
ALL LEATHERS 10 Per cent. OFF.
Childrens' Regular Stock
ALL LEATHERS 10 Per cent. OFF.
No White Canvas Goods Are Reduced.
Cash Only, At These Prices.

ECKERT'S STORE,
"ON THE SQUARE"

THIS WEEK ONLY

Useful and attractive pocket knives, made with a Gettysburg inscription and with the year "1917" nicely embossed on the handle. We have a limited supply of these which will be sold for this week only at 75 CENTS. They will prove useful and at the same time a valued souvenir to act as a reminder of one of the most notable years in American history.

Adams County Hardware Co.
Baltimore street. Gettysburg.

DELCO LIGHT SYSTEM

We have secured the agency for Delco light system for lighting private houses. No matter where you live you may have your own electric lights. We will be pleased to have you call and get information.

S. G. BIGHAM, Biglerville, Pa.

ANNOUNCEMENT

With the addition of an Automobile Funeral Car we are now equipped to attend promptly to calls from distant parts of the county.

H. B. BENDER,
Both Phones Funeral Director Gettysburg.
Cashtown Branch.
In Charge of M. E. FREED.

Tent Theatre Enlarged

Forty feet more of canvas has been added to the big top and there are now seats for all. Two shows nightly at 7:00 and 8:30.

Change of Bill Monday and Thursday.

WHAT NATION MUST DO IF IT GOES BONE DRY

Capital Amounting to $1,000,000,000 Would Have to Seek Other Occupation.

If America were bone dry capital amounting to more than $1,000,000,000 would suddenly have to seek other occupation, according to the World's Work, from which also the following figures are taken:

More than 200,000 employees of breweries, distilleries, saloons, etc., would have to seek other jobs, and the wages on which 1,000,000 American lives depend would cease.

Besides the 1,500 breweries and 650 distilleries that would have to close their doors, manufacturers of and dealers in barrels, staves, corks, bottles, beer pumps, boxes, kegs, cigars, bar fixtures, motor trucks and many other businesses would suffer incalculable losses.

The railroads would lose 7,000,000 tons of freight annually.

The federal government would lose $262,000,000 annual revenue, the states $21,000,000 a year, counties $6,000,000 and municipalities $52,000,000.

Americans would have to find other ways of spending $900,000,000 a year. We should have to find other uses for 52,000,000 bushels of barley, 15,000,000 bushels of corn products, 12,000,000 bushels of rice and 100,000,000 gallons of molasses.

The average flow of water over Niagara falls is 231,000 cubic feet, or about 1,500,000 gallons a second. The total quantity of alcoholic drinks made in the United States in a year is about 2,000,000,000 gallons. If this were turned into the falls it would take ten minutes for it to flow over.

If all the barrooms in America were placed side by side in two parallel rows to make one street this would be almost 378 miles long.

If all the liquor handled by the railroads were loaded on one train this would be 126 miles long and would require 166,660 freight cars.

The money paid for the 1,330,000 automobiles sold in this country in the years 1915-16—about $1,000,000,000—would be about $200,000,000 short of enough to buy out the stock and equipment of the country's liquor interests.

The grain used in making beer and whisky in one year would make 4,000,000,000 loaves of bread.

The rye, corn and rice so used would feed 76,000,000 persons for 100 days.

BOUGHT SOLDIER'S GUN

And is Held for Hearing in United States Court.

Herman Smith, colored, watchman at one of the local hotels, was given a hearing Tuesday afternoon before United States Commissioner Wible and held in default of bail for his appearance at United States Court at Scranton, October 15th. The charge is purchasing a United States revolver from Private Palmer Eden, of Company E, Fourth Infantry. The two men directly concerned claimed they did not remember ever having seen each other, and Smith said he was drunk when he bought the weapon.

AGAIN DEFEATED LEAGUE LEADERS

Baker too Much for Mountaineers and Duplicates Mumford's Victory of Monday.

GAVE ONLY FOUR HITS

Visitors' Two Runs were the Result of Miscplays. Bunting Game again Scores. On Winning Streak.

Joe Baker pitched in fine form on Tuesday and had no trouble taking Martinsburg into camp 8-2. Errors by his mates were responsible for his failing to score a shut-out. He gave but four hits and struck out ten men. Incidentally, when two pitchers can hold the Mountaineers to seven hits in a pair of games, they're going some. Hats off.

Baker was opposed to McGalis who received the weakest sort of support throughout the game. The visiting hurler was invincible after the third inning and did not allow a hit from that on.

Gettysburg resorted to the bunting game again and it worked beautifully. In the first inning Yim was hit by a pitched ball and Jones beat out a bunt. Dykes sacrificed both ahead and then Steele singled, scoring Yim. Dunn squeezed in Jones, and Shollenberger flied out. In the second Bedenk was passed, took second on Gallagher's sacrifice and scored on Baker's hit.

Four runs came in during Gettysburg's half of the fourth. After Steele had fanned, Dunn was safe on Thompson's error and took second when Blue and Bates failed to run him down. He scored on Shollenberger's hit. Bedenk singled and Shollenberger tallied on the effort to catch Bedenk at second. Gallagher was passed. Yim's single scored Bedenk, and Gallagher went in on a passed ball. Gettysburg's last run came in the seventh when Dunn was passed, took second and third, and scored on Bedenk's out.

Martinsburg got a run in the second after two were out. Morris was passed and Percy singled, Morris scoring on a passed ball. Their other run came in the ninth when Blue was hit by a pitched ball, stole second, went to third on a fielder's choice, and scored when Steele dropped the throw from Crique's grounder.

GETTYSBURG

	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Yim, cf	4	1	2	0	0	0
Jones, ss	3	1	1	1	3	2
Dykes, 2b	4	0	0	2	4	1
Steele, 1b	4	0	1	10	1	1
Dunn, lf	2	1	0	1	0	0
Shollenberger, rf	4	1	1	2x	0	0
Bedenk, 3b	2	2	1	0	2	1
Gallagher, c	2	1	0	9	1	0
Baker, p	4	0	1	2	1	0
	29	8	7	27	12	5

MARTINSBURG

	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Thompson, 2b	4	0	0	0	2	1
Long, 3b	4	0	0	1	3	0
Bates, ss	4	0	0	2	1	2
Rawlings, lf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Blue, 1b	3	1	1	10	0	2
Morris, cf	3	1	0	1	0	0
Percy, rf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Stroh, c	1	0	0	0	0	0
Crique, c	3	0	2	6	0	0
McGalis, p	3	0	0	2	2	0
Keib, l	1	0	0	0	0	0
	34	2	4	23x	8	5

1 Batted for McGalis in the ninth.
x Baker out on infield fly with first and second occupied.

SCORE BY INNINGS

Martinsburg .. 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
Gettysburg ... 2 1 4 0 0 0 1 0 x—8

SUMMARY

Earned runs; Gettysburg, 4; two base hit, Crique; struck out, by Baker, 10; by McGalis, 5; bases on balls, off Baker, 1; off McGalis, 6; hit by pitcher, by Baker, 1; by McGalis, 1; passed balls, by Gallagher, 1; by Crique, 1; double play, Jones to Dykes to Steele; stolen bases, Blue, Dunn; time of game, 1:40; umpire—Cleary.

Gettysburg 8, Martinsburg 2
Hanover 3, Cumberland 1
Hagerstown 6, Frederick 3

	W.	L.	P.C.
Martinsburg	52	33	.611
Hagerstown	52	33	.611
Gettysburg	42	39	.519
Hanover	39	45	.464
Frederick	40	47	.459
Cumberland	30	58	.340

To-Day's Games
Gettysburg at Martinsburg
Frederick at Hagerstown
Hanover at Cumberland

To-Morrow's Games
Gettysburg at Martinsburg
Frederick at Hagerstown
Hanover at Cumberland

CHICKENS STOLEN

Chicken thieves visited the home of Frank Finafrock, near Greencastle, and stole thirty five chickens. The thieves were in a buggy and were followed a distance in an automobile. The state police stationed in Waynesboro were called, but the thieves had gotten enough headway to have disappeared. The chickens were found along the road, twenty in a crate and the rest in a bag.

HAGERSTOWN TIES

Wins from Hustlers as Gettysburg Defeats Leaders.

Hagerstown took Tuesday's game making their hits and Frederick's errors count for runs.

HAGERSTOWN

	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Dysert, rf	4	0	2	2	0	0
Butts, cf	4	0	1	4	0	0
Hooper, 3b	4	0	1	1	1	0
Courtenay, 2b	4	2	0	2	1	0
Hurley, 1b	3	2	1	5	0	0
McCord, ss	3	2	2	1	3	1
Miller, lf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Mace, c	4	0	1	10	0	0
Zellers, p	4	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	34	6	9	27	7	1

FREDERICK

	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Doherty, ss	5	0	1	1	4	0
Heck, 3b	2	1	1	1	4	0
Brazier, cf	3	1	1	2	0	0
Phoenix, 3b	4	0	0	3	4	0
Crooke, 1b	4	1	1	13	4	0
Barnhart, rf	2	0	1	2	2	1
Zinnell, lf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Fraser, c	3	0	1	2	1	1
Hook, p	3	0	0	1	1	0
Winslow, rf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	3	7	27	20	2

SCORE BY INNINGS

Hagerstown .. 0 0 0 3 0 2 0 0 1—6
Frederick .... 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3

Stolen bases—Miller (2); two base hits—Hurley, Barnhart; double play—Heck to Phoenix, to Crooke; struck out—by Zellers, 8; bases on balls—off Zellers, 4; off Hok, 3; umpire—McGowan.

HOME RUNS FEATURE

Tailenders Fall before Onslaught of Raiders.

Hanover defeated Cumberland in a close game. St. Martin and Walters featured with homers.

HANOVER

	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Ralinger, lf	3	1	1	4	1	0
Elliott, 2b	3	0	0	6	5	0
St. Martin, cf	4	2	2	0	0	0
Bitting, ss	3	0	0	3	4	0
Hostetter, 1b	4	0	0	8	0	1
Clunk, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Sheehan, 3b	3	0	0	0	2	1
Lamond, c	2	0	1	5	1	0
Morrison, p	3	0	1	0	2	0
Totals	29	3	6	27	15	2

CUMBERLAND

	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Smith, ss	3	0	1	0	3	0
Allan, cf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Crist, lf	3	0	1	2	3	1
Cobb, c	4	0	0	3	0	0
Keener, rf	4	0	2	4	0	0
Walters, 3b	4	1	1	0	0	0
Bigler, 2b	4	0	1	2	1	0
Greenough, 1b	3	0	0	10	0	0
Bonsack, p	3	0	1	1	3	0
Totals	32	1	8	24	10	1

SCORE BY INNINGS

Hanover ..... 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 x—3
Cumberland ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Morrison, Bonsack; stolen bases— Lamond, Elliott; home runs—St. Martin, Walters; base on balls—off Bonsack, 4; off Morrison, 2; double plays—Ralinger to Hostetter; Elliott to Bitting; Bitting to Elliott to Hostetter; struck out—by Bonsack, 1; by Morrison, 4; umpire—Monte Cross.

MAKE FRIENDS QUICKLY

American and French Sailors Fraternize at American Port.

(By United Press)

An Atlantic Port, August 22—American and French sailors do not wait until they arrive in France to fraternize. The French tars are here with French ships lying in the harbor, while American sailors by the thousands are at a navyyard nearby.

Residents witnessed a novel sight recently. Four of Uncle Sam's sailors and four from France paraded the main thoroughfare on a sight seeing tour. The men were paired and each man wound his arm about the other's waist.

Pals they were despite the fact that they could not understand each other's language. Apparently it made no difference. Hundreds turned to watch them and momentarily reflect, perhaps, on the significance of the comradeship.

MUMMASBURG

Mummasburg—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Boyd spent a day recently at the home of David Rowe and family, of New Franklin, and also at the Chambersburg hospital where Mrs. Boyd's step-mother is a patient.

Monroe Shue was in Chambersburg on Sunday.

Evelyn Gleim, of East Middle street, Gettysburg, spent several days at the home of Samuel Shue and family and Elizabeth Brenneman.

Those who spent a day recently at the home of Mrs. Florence Wilson and son, LeRoy, were Mrs. Hare, three sons and daughter, Charles, Raymond, Paul, and Marian, of Guernsey, and Mr. and Mrs. Armor Leatherman, of Harney.

Mr. Longenecker, who is holding a series of meetings at Pfoutz's church, filled the pulpit in the Union church on Sunday.

Mahlon Shue, who is employed in Lancaster County, is spending several days with his family.

Muriel and Edgar Reigle are spending several days at the home of Harry Cluck and family, in Fairfield.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Taylor and son, Roy, spent several days in York, recently.

Mr. Kraft, of Harrisburg, spent several days recently at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Deardorff.

NEWS FROM THE COUNTIES NEARBY

Franklin, Cumberland, and York Contribute Share of Happenings.

OF MUCH INTEREST HERE

Paragraphs of News Items from the Sections Immediately Adjoining Adams County.

YORK COUNTY

INOCULATE ENTIRE FORCE

The entire employed force of the Hanover Shoe Company, numbering 800 persons, are being inoculated to ward against the spread of typhoid fever. This action was decided upon by the company officials Monday, and the work was started Tuesday morning at 7 o'clock, the employes of the Treeing and Sole leather department being the first to take the preventative treatment. It is being done in the factory building by Dr. Charles Wagner, assisted by Superintendent Plowman and Cashier Zieber.

Three injections are necessary, and will be given ten days apart. The work of inoculating the entire 800 in the big family will take a period of several days, and will be done as rapidly as possible. Other firms in the borough have taken the same measure to ward off the disease, the Emlet and Emlet Company having their employes given injections Monday. While the epidemic of the malady in Hanover has evidently been checked, there are a number of suspected cases in evidence, and it may develop later. The health officials have gone over the ground carefully.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

HER CHEEK IS TORN

Mildred Unger, 9-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Norman Unger, of Waynesboro, while playing on a porch swing at her home about 6:30 o'clock Monday evening, slipped and her cheek was caught on a hook and torn open from the mouth to the bone below her eye. She was taken to Dr. Joseph Enniss' offices where Dr. Enniss and Dr. Connor dressed the wound. About 15 stitches were required to close the wound. To-day she is resting better, although she is suffering a great deal of pain.

MOST FARM BOYS REJECTED

Out of 144 young men examined in the first day and a half in the Chambersburg district, of Franklin county, only twelve who passed did not claim exemption. More than half were rejected as physically unfit. The surgeons found, to their surprise, that the young men of the farms were almost to a man deficient, while the men accepted came from the towns. The surgeons said farmer boys had poor teeth and eyes, showing neglect. In order to get the quota in Chambersburg a new lot of 200 men will be called.

CUMBERLAND CO

SHOOTS AT ROBBER

Notice to house robbers:

Stay away from the home of Professor Leon C. Prince, in Carlisle, unless you wish an unadulterated dose of cold lead.

Perhaps this warning will not be heeded but the chances are ten to one that it will. Tuesday morning about three o'clock a thief flashed a light on the bed of Professor Prince from one of the four windows of his room. He sleeps on the ground floor and the window from which the light was flashed faces north. The would-be robber flashed it a second time and just as he was trying to effect an entrance in a window screen he tried out, Professor Prince seized his revolver which he keeps under his pillow and fired. He examined the screen after he shot at the thief and figures that he missed his head about one inch. There wasn't any more flashing after that.

WORK ON INDUSTRY BEGINS

Work on Carlisle's newest industrial building, the lead glass works, began Tuesday, when a force of men under Contractor Charles Brown started operation on the structure to be erected on East Louther Street on the former Adams lot. The concrete basement has been finished. Considerable of the material from the razed Greybill mill will go into the new factory building which will be 40 feet wide and 90 feet long, and two stories high. It will be a substantial brick building, a modern one and will face Louther street, front on Louther Street. The office will be in the front part of the building. The Raby-Hinton company will occupy the building when it is completed which will be about December first. It will be probably the only new industry Carlisle will get in 1917. The town can thank the Chamber of Commerce for it.

FOOD SURVEY TO START AT ONCE

Department of Agriculture to Estimate Country's Supply of Edibles.

WILL LOOK INTO PANTRY

Investigators will See Amount of Stock on Farms, in Factories, Storage Houses, and Shops.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22—The Government is to take stock of the Nation's food supply.

In order that the President, Congress, and the other officials of the Government may be able to base needed action on a knowledge of what the national larder contains, and how it measures up to the needs of the millions of breakfast, dinner, and supper tables of the Nation, the United States Department of Agriculture will begin immediately to make a quick survey of available foods and feeds throughout the country.

This will cover supplies on the farms, in factories, and commercial stores and warehouses, in retail shops, and on the shelves and in the bins of the family pantry.

In carrying out the nation-wide food survey, both actual inventories and estimates will be employed. Estimates of the food and feed products on farms will be made for the whole country by the Bureau of Crop Estimates through 35,000 picked co-operators in the field.

Information regarding stocks in wholesale, jobbing, storing, manufacturing, and other commercial establishments, including large retail houses, will be obtained by requesting from each concern a statement of the exact amount of each of the various products held by it. Comprehensive lists of such establishments compiled by the Bureau of Markets within the last few years will be employed in this work.

The stocks on hand in small retail shops will be estimated from information gained from a detailed survey of stocks in a number of representative districts. Stocks in the hands of all the consumers of the country will be estimated similarly from canvasses of a large number of representative families, both in the country and in the cities.

The study of families will be concerned even more with the current consumption per month than with the actual stock of food supplies on hand. Small retail stocks will be reported for representative cities by the Bureau of Chemistry through its food and drug inspectors and State and local health officials and inspectors, and for representative country districts by the States Relations Service through county agents and local farm bureaus and other local agencies. Through these agencies certain selected districts will be canvassed and an estimate will then be made for the entire country.

The nearly 100 items on which statistics are to be gathered include grains and seeds, grain-food products, dried fruits and nuts, vegetable fats, sugar, sirups, starch, meat and meat products, food products preserved in tin and other containers, dairy and related products, fish, and feeds.

FEW FATALITIES AMONG TROOPS

Only One in Fifteen Killed, and Only One in Five Hundred Loses a Limb.

Washington, August 22—That the risk of the fighting man is not nearly so great as is popularly imagined is the belief of Marine Corps officials here who have compiled statistics covering the Allied losses in the war.

A careful estimate shows that only one man in fifteen is killed, and one out of five hundred loses a limb. Recent reports from French and British hospitals show that about 95 per cent recover from wounds, while about 90 per cent are able to return to the firing line.

While the Marine Corps officials hold unbiased views in regard to the expected casualties among their own troops in France, it is pointed out that the "Soldiers of the Sea" recently engaged in warfare in Haiti, suffered less than one per cent losses. These were sustained while covering a wide terrain, fighting from house to house, and capturing and holding small redoubts, taken one by one from the enemy. This method of warfare is said to be rapidly superseding the trench system on the Western front.

He Explains.

"How did you get rid of all your money?"

"Some of it I was touched for and some of it I was tagged for."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Cosmopolitan.

Head Barber—Have you any particular choice in shaving mugs? First Assistant—Not a bit. I shave them all.—Puck.

23,000 BOYS ARE NOW REQUESTED

Would Recruit Emergency Workers to Help out during Period of the War.

TO BE WELL PROTECTED

Agricultural, Commercial, and Industrial Service All to Reap Benefit of this Public Safety Campaign.

Philadelphia, Aug. 22—Twenty three thousand patriotic young Americans are wanted in the Pennsylvania division of the Boys' Working Reserve U. S. A., a national organization with State branches which aims to supply emergency workers for agricultural, industrial, and commercial service during the continuance of the war.

The week beginning September 3 has been designated "Boys' Reserve Enrollment Week" by the Civilian Service and Labor Department of the Pennsylvania Committee of Public Safety which will conduct a campaign to enlist the desired quota of young workers. Boys and young men between the ages of 16 and 21 years are eligible for membership and through connection with the Reserve will aid the Government in its efforts to prosecute a successful war.

By national sanction the Pennsylvania division has been placed under the control of the Public Safety Committee, with John C. Frazee, as State Director. Mr. Frazee and his associates planned the recruiting of the division at a recent conference in Washington, D. C., with William E. Hall, the National Director. District superintendents have been appointed throughout the State and they are preparing for a simultaneous recruiting drive in all counties.

The working plan of the organization calls for regular enlistment of boys, with the consent of their parents or guardians, for strictly non-military service of a temporary nature under proper and careful supervision, and at appropriate wage rates.

The Civilian Service Department asserts that the need for such service, growing out of the great labor shortage in the country, due on one hand to the large withdrawal of men from their regular occupations, and on the other hand to the present necessity of greatly increased agricultural and industrial production, will frequently be imperative.

It is intended, however, that the participation of the Reserve in such emergency work shall be so organized as not to retard the education to those who are regularly employed. Enrollment in the Reserve does not necessarily involve an immediate call to service. The motto of the Reserve is "I will be ready". Membership is open equally to employed and unemployed boys.

Boys who enroll are to be given instruction in the lines of work for which they appear to be best fitted and will be placed at such work. Every safeguard will be taken to prevent exploitation of this emergency labor and to protect the young workers against physical and moral injury.

RED CROSS BRANCH

Upper End Town Has Fine List of Members.

The following is the list of Bendersville Red Cross members to date:

W. S. Adams, Mrs. W. S. Adams, Agnes Adams, H. G. Baugher, E. K. Coughran, Beulah Harris, E. T. Harris, H. G. Baker, Mrs. H. G. Baker, Rev. Scott, Mrs. Scott, Mary Scott, H. W. Knouse, Mrs. H. W. Knouse, William C. Yeatts, Mrs. Michener, Anna Michener, Carrie Beamer, Mrs. Edna Weaner, Miss Ruth McCauslin, H. E. Wolfe, Mrs. H. E. Wolfe, C. A. Wolfe, Miss Nora Hartman, Harry Pitzer, Mrs. Harry Pitzer, Luther Miller, Mary Peters, Mrs. S. E. Peters, Mrs. D. Bream, Mrs. Mary Gove, Louise Burger, W. B. Deardorff, Mrs. W. B. Deardorff, I. C. Bucher, Mrs. B. Asper, Miss Anna Asper, Dennis Asper, Mrs. Dennis Asper, Mary Webb, Golda Webb, Mrs. O. P. House, Mrs. Frank Wright, Mrs. W. B. DeLap, Ida Sheely, Mrs. A. Sheely, Mrs. Mark Hartman, Earl Hartman, Mrs. Earl Hartman, Irene Wolfe, Edward Black, Grace Fair, Edward Hartman, Walter Wright, W. W. S. Neely, M. K. Raffensperger, H. W. Raffensperger, Mrs. H. W. Raffensperger, Mrs. W. W. Detter, Aouda Peters, Daisy Hutton, Edith Wickersham, Mrs. H. W. Hoffman, Mrs. John A. Weigle, Mrs. Jennie Peters, Grayson Peters, Arthur Cook, Mrs. Albert Wright, Paul Taylor, Paul Hoffman, Charles Taylor, D. M. Hoffman, Mrs. D. M. Hoffman, Mrs. G. F. Smith, Robert Smith, G. F. Smith, Miss Ruth Hoffman, E. N. Hoffman, Mrs E. N. Hoffman, J. C. Smith, Daniel Taylor, Mrs. Rachael Jones, Mrs. E. C. Tyson, Mrs. C. J. Tyson, Mrs. David Ogden, Robert Eldon, Mrs. Robert Eldon, Miss Thelma Routsong, Mrs. Will Snyder.

BONNEAUVILLE

Bonneauville—Forty Hours' Devotion will open in St. Joseph's Catholic church Sunday morning, August 26, at 9:30, with a high mass.

The following were entertained Sunday by Mr. and Mrs. William Noel, Fabian Fleshman, of Midway; John Bennett and sons, Francis and John, Hanover; Mrs. Mock and son, Jesse, of Pottstown; Miss Anna Ohm and Harvey Myer, of Hanover; Joseph Kurtz, Miss Jennie Smith and Mrs. Bella Hemler.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Staub returned home Sunday after spending the past two weeks in Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Overbaugh, of Mount Rock, spent Sunday as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew McSherry.

I. A. Noel and William Noel spent Sunday as guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Klunk, of Midway.

Rev. Father Johnson and Crist Taylor, of Harrisburg, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Noel recently.

William Sentz has purchased a touring car.

Fabian Staub has sold his touring car to Roy Bollinger, of Gettysburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith, Joseph Staub, Mary Barnhart, and Lizzie Gilbert spent Thursday at Pen Mar.

Charles Chrismer and family, of Littlestown, spent Sunday at the home of the former's mother, Mrs. William J. Chrismer.

Misses Mary Cashman, Beatrice Hilton, and Catharine McCarthy, of Harrisburg, have returned home after spending several days as guests of the Misses Noel.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Quinn, of Philadelphia, returned home Sunday after spending several days as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Crist Gebhart.

E. L. Golden, Charles Morrison, and Bernard Hawn spent Wednesday in Baltimore.

Leo Bushman, of Gettysburg, was a visitor in Bonneauville Tuesday.

Mrs. Joseph Smith, of McSherrystown, spent several days at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Orndorff.

The following from town attended the New Oxford picnic Saturday, Mr. and Mrs. William P. Smith, son, Harry, daughters, Mary and Pauline, Miss Jennie Smith, Mr. and Mrs. John Weaver, son, Francis, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith.

Miss Catharine Miller has returned home after spending several days as the guest of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Melhorn.

Catharine Staub, of Baltimore, has returned home after spending several weeks at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Staub.

SURPRISE PARTY

Many Guests Spend Evening at Bollinger Home.

A very enjoyable surprise party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Bollinger. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. George Bollinger, Mr. and Mrs. Reid McCullough, Mr. and Mrs. Hoofnagle, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rager, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Miller, Mrs. Fred Riley, Mrs. Reynolds, Mrs. Robert Bollinger, Miss Mary Reynolds, John Small, Rosie Herr, Cyrus Miller, Hazel Rager, Thomas Small, Margaret Weikert, Edgar Felix, Gladys Weikert, Charles Small, Elinor Witherow, William Gillian, Belle Rager, Julia Miller, Margaret Miller, James Riley, Lucy Riley, Ollia Rager, Roscoe Bollinger, Harry Rager, Grace Small, Maurice Bollinger, Goldie Bollinger, Ruth Miller, Ray Felix, Kenton Witherow, Burton Witherow, Donald Weikert, Roy Rager, Evelyn Bollinger, Ralph McDonnell, Allen McDonnell, Lester Sentz, Carrie Whorley, and Elsie Whorley.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE FARM
ON
TUESDAY AUGUST 28th, 1917

The undersigned Executor of the last will and testament of Elmer I. Appler, late of Mt. Joy Township, deceased, will offer at public sale on the premises, the following:

FARM situate in Mt. Joy Township, Adams County, Penna., fronting on the State Highway leading from Gettysburg to Littlestown, at Two Taverns, adjoining lands of Chas. Trostle, Chas. Whorley, Henry Whorley, Saml. Whorley, Grace Lutheran Church, and others, containing 52 acres and 97 perches, more or less, improved with a story and half frame dwelling house, bank barn, hog pen, chicken house, wagon shed, well of water, good spring of water near the house, a stream of running water through the farm, and a young orchard of peach and apple trees.

This farm is one of the best in a good farming neighborhood, in excellent condition and should command the attention of buyers.

The terms of sale will be 25 per cent. cash on the day of sale or a note in like amount and the balance on April 1st, 1918.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p. m.

EDWARD APPLER, Executor,
Gettysburg, Pa., Route 9.
J. L. Williams, Atty.,
Gettysburg, Penna.

I. N. Lightner, Auct.

WANTED

By officer's wife, furnished home or apartment. Must be up-to-date, modern and reasonable. Have personal servant and no Children. References exchanged.

MRS. R. LEE HOFFMANN,
262 Baltimore St.

Wanted
COAT MAKERS
and
BOY to LEARN TRADE
BREHM,
The Tailor.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Mrs. J. William Garlach
will continue the undertaking business of her late husband.
At 56 Chambersburg, St. Gettysburg
FAIRFIELD branch, office in charge of
SOLOMON ALLISON

WESTERN MARYLAND
Schedule Effective July 1, 1917
Subject to change without notice.

8:00 a. m., daily except Sunday, for Hanover, York, and Baltimore.

10:58 a. m., daily, for Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Hancock, Cumberland, Pittsburgh, and intermediate stations, and the West. Also West Virginia points.

6:16 p. m., daily, for Baltimore, and intermediate stations.

7:01 p. m., daily, except Sunday, for Hagerstown and intermediate stations.

S. ENNNES, General Manager
C. F. STEWART, Gen. Passenger Agt.

RACES RACES
LABOR DAY
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1917.
—at—
BUTTONWOOD STOCK FARM TRACK

FREE purses for all	$25.00
2:30 Class Mixed	15.00
Colt Races	10.00

Also Running Races.
Entrance fee for horses $1.00.
Races start at 1:30 p. m. Admission 25 cents.

A FESTIVAL

A Festival will be held in N. A. Bower's Grove near Rondebush's Mill on
SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 25TH.,
by "The Young Men's Bible Class of upper Bermudian"
Music will be furnished by The Bendersville Band.
EVERYBODY WELCOME.

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

Published Daily, Except Sunday
Times and News Publishing Company

W. LAVERE HAFER, Secretary and Treasurer. PHILIP R. BIKLE, President.

PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor

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BELL PHONE 6-M UNITED PHONE 91-W
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.

Our advertising columns are open to all candidates of all parties. Want ads. One cent per word each insertion. Two cents a word if guaranteed first page position. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memoriams, one cent per word.

TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in our general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by The American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan.

Just like your morning toast

LUCKY STRIKE cigarette

It's toasted

Toasting seals in flavor

20 for 10c

Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.

The READING
SOUSA
$2.50 EXCURSION
WILLOW GROVE
SATURDAY, SEPT. 1, 1917

SPECIAL EXCURSION TRAIN

From	Special Lv. A. M.
Gettysburg	5.15
Goldenville	5.24
Table Rock	5.26
Biglerville	5.30
Guernsey	5.34
Centre Mills	5.37
Bendersville	5.42
Gardners	5.51
Idaville	5.54
Starners	6.01
Goodyear	6.07
Hunters Run	6.18
Upper Mill	6.23
Mt. Holly Springs	6.26
Carlisle	5.45
Carlisle Junction	6.29
Willow Grove (arrive)	10.30

Returning, Special Train will Leave Willow Grove 9.15 P. M. for above stations.

Tickets good only on date of excursion on above Special Train in each direction. Children between 5 and 12 years of age, half fare.

Free Concert Afternoon and Evening
SOUSA AND HIS BAND

GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr., successor to J. Geo. Wolf's Sons Co.

Wheat	$2.00
Rye	1.30
Corn	

Retail.

White Middlings	$3.00
Shelled and Ear Corn	$2.15
Red Middlings	$2.40
Baled Straw	.75
Timothy Hay	$1.10
Plaster	$8.50
Cement	$2.00
Home Flour	$11.60
Western Flour	$14.00
Coarse Spring Bran	$2.00
Hand Packed Bran	$2.00
Green Cross Feed	$2.85
Hollyo Poultry Mash	$3.20
Schmacker	$2.75
Shell Corn	$2.10
Ear Corn	$2.10
Corn and Oats Chop	$2.75
Home Oats	.90
Western Oats	$1.00
Sucerene	$2.25
New Oxford Dairy Feed	$2.35

FOR SALE
AT A BARGAIN
FIVE PASSENGER TOURING CAR in first class condition. Will accept part cash and balance on time.
Inquire
TIMES OFFICE.

For Sale Cheap
TWIN CYLINDER INDIAN MOTORCYCLE
Fine condition.
GROVER C. MYERS, Gardners

FOR SALE
Colt, four months old
INQUIRE
C. S. Black,
R2, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Phone 636L.

FESTIVAL
AT WENKSVILLE,
AUGUST 25th.
By the Wenksville Band.
Music furnished by the Arendtsville Band.

I will be in Gettysburg. Tuesday, August 14th and 28th, at Penrose Myers to examine eyes and fit glasses.
W. H. DINKLE,
Graduate of Optics.

Seventeen

A Tale of Youth and Summer Time and The Baxter Family Especially William

By BOOTH TARKINGTON

Copyright, 1915, 1916, by Metropolitan Magazine.

William Baxter, aged seventeen falls at first sight in calf love with young Miss Pratt on a visit to friends of his. His little sister, Jane, is a fly in the ointment.

William is sent by his mother to help Genesis, darky of all work, bring home some washtubs she had purchased. They are accompanied by Clematis, Genesis' mongrel dog. Miss Pratt, escorted by her friends, comes along with her dog, Flopit. A dog-fight ensues.

The dogs are separated. William vanishes, disguised, under a boiler. That evening he takes his father' dress suit and calls upon Miss Pratt and her friend, Miss Parcher.

Jane, a knowing youngster, explains certain matters concerning William's love affair to her mother. She also knows the fact that William has abstracted his father's dress suit.

William's attentions to Miss Pratt and those of rivals get on Mr. Parcher's nerves. Jane tells Mr. Parcher in secret that William can't get his father's dress suit any longer because it is being altered.

Mrs. Baxter tells William she has sent Mr. Baxter's dress suit to the tailors for alterations. He is crestfallen and quarrels with Jane.

Mrs. Baxter gives a party for Miss Pratt. William, descending the stairs, falls and tears his best suit. He had sat on Jane's paint box with another presentable suit.

His troubles detain him till the party is over, to his great chagrin. Later he discusses matrimony with the aged parent of Genesis. Jane is present at the discussion.

William goes for a walk with Miss Pratt, swinging his father's borrowed cane. Jane, unheeded, advises an umbrella. It rains, and William gets wet.

Jane, from her observations tells her parents that she thinks William is married. The parents, at first alarmed, dismiss the subject. William goes picnicking, and a new rival turns up.

The rival manopolizes Miss Pratt. He brags about his love for smoking, and William gives his some cigarettes.

The rival is made ill and retires from the field. Genesis tells Jane of how he is going to be a waiter on occasions and where he is going to bay a secondhand dress suit. William overhears.

William's heart is set on a dress suit, so he can go to a farewell party arranged for Miss Pratt. His father refuses to buy him one. William disappears during the day-time.

Jane reveals that William is working to earn money for the dress suit; also that he was dickering with a secondhand dealer to whom he had taken personal property, but who demanded a balance in money. Mrs. Baxter stops the transaction.

Mrs. Baxter, however, has Mr. Baxter's evening suit taken in, and William goes happily to the party. Arriving late, he finds Miss Pratt much engaged.

William, to his dismay, has to dance with a stout stranger. To add to his chagrin, he is accused of flirting by Miss Pratt.

Jane makes frieds with a little girl across the way, whose family is moving in. Playing together the children arouse William's ire. They vow vengeance upon him.

William writes a touching farewell note and poem, which he incloses in a box of candy for Miss Pratt. He goes to the station with the box.

He spies Miss Pratt and a party of young friends and goes toward them. He creates derision and turns to find Jane and her young friend parading after him and getting even. A brief good-by and a surprise at the end.

CHAPTER XXII.

The Bride to Be.

WILLIAM'S inward state became chaotic.

He tried to smile carelessly to prove his composure, but he found that he had lost almost all control over his features. He had no knowledge of his actual expression except that it hurt him. In desperation he fell back upon hauteur. He managed to frown and walked proudly. At that they laughed the more, Wallace Banks rudely pointing again and again at William, and not till the oncoming sufferer reached a spot within twenty feet of these delighted people did he grasp the significance of Wallace's repeated gesture of pointing. Even then he understood only when the gesture was supplemented by half articulate shouts:

"Behind you! Look behind you!"

The stung youth turned.

There, directly behind him, he beheld an exclusive little procession consisting of two damsels in single file, the first soiled with house moving, the second with apple sauce.

For greater caution they had removed their shoes, and each damsel as she paraded dangled from each far extended hand a shoe. And both damsels whether beneath apple sauce or dust smudge, were suffused with the rapture of a great mockery.

They were walking with their "stummicks out o' joint."

At sight of William's face they squealed. They turned and ran. They got themselves out of sight.

Simultaneously the air filled with solid thunder and the pompous train shook the ground. Ah, woe's the word This was the thing that meant to bear away the golden girl and honeysuckle of the world—meant to and would, not abating one iron second!

Now a porter had her handbag.

Dear heaven, to be a porter—yes, a colored one! What of that now? Just to be a simple porter and journey with her to the far, strange pearl among cities whence she had come!

The gentle porter bowed her toward the steps of his car, but first she gave Flopit into the hands of May Parcher for a moment and whispered a word to Wallace Banks, then to Joe Bullitt, then to Johnnie Watson; then she ran to William.

She took his hand.

"Don't forget," she whispered—"don't forget Lola."

He stood stock still. His face was blank.

She infolded May Parcher, kissed her devotedly; then, with Flopit once more under her arm, she ran and

"Why, Willie Baxter!" she cried, blinking at him.

jumped upon the steps just as the train began to move. She stood there, on the lowest step, slowly gliding away from them, and in her eyes there was a sparkle of tears, left, it may be, from her laughter at poor William's pageant with Jane and Rannie Kirsted, or, it may be, not.

She could not wave to her friends in answer to their gestures of farewell, for her arms were too full of Flopit and roses and candy and sweet peas, but she kept nodding to them in a way that showed them how much she thanked them for being sorry she was going and made it clear that she was sorry too and loved them all.

"Goodby!" she meant.

Faster she glided. The engine passed from sight round a curve beyond a culvert, but for a moment longer they could see the little figure upon the steps, and to the very last glimpse they had of her the small, golden head was still nodding "Goodby!" Then those steps whereon she stood passed in their turn beneath the culvert, and they saw her no more.

Lola Pratt was gone!

Wet eyed, her young hostess of the long summer turned away and stumbled against William. "Why, Willie Baxter!" she cried, blinking at him.

The last car of the train had rounded the curve and disappeared, but William was still waving farewell, not with his handkerchief, but with a symmetrical one pound parcel, wrapped in white tissue paper, ghdled with blue ribbon.

"Never mind," said May Parcher. "Let's all walk uptown together and talk about her on the way, and we'll go by the express office, and you can send your candy to her by express, Willie."

In the smallish house which all summer long, from morning until late at night, had resounded with the voices of young people, echoing their songs, murmurous with their theories of love or vibrating with their glee, sometimes shaking all over during their more boisterous moods—in that house, now comparatively so vacant, the proprietor stood and breathed deep breaths.

"Hah!" he breathed sonorously. He gave himself several resounding slaps upon the chest, then went out to the porch and sat in a rocking chair near

They Were Walking With Their "Stummicks Out of Joint."

his wife. He spread himself out expansively. "My glory," he said, "I believe I'll take off my coat! I haven't had my coat off outside of my own room all summer. I believe I'll take a vacation! By George, I believe I'll stay home this afternoon!"

"That's nice," said Mrs. Parcher.

"Hah!" he said. "My glory, I believe I'll take off my shoes!"

And, meeting no objection, he proceeded to carry out this plan.

"Hah-ah!" he said and placed his stockinged feet upon the railing, where a number of vines, running upon strings, made a screen between the porch and the street. He lit a large cigar. "Well, well," he said, "that tastes good! If this keeps on I'll be in as good shape as I was last spring before you know it!" Leaning far back in the rocking chair, his hands behind his head, he smoked with fervor, but suddenly he jumped in a way which showed that his nerves were far from normal. His feet came to the floor with a thump, he jerked the cigar out of his mouth and turned a face of consternation upon his wife.

"What's the matter?"

"Suppose," said Mr. Parcher huskily—"suppose she missed her train!"

Mrs. Parcher shook her head.

"Think not?" he said brightening. "I ordered the livery stable to have a carriage here in lots of time."

"They did," said Mrs. Parcher severely; "about $5 worth."

"Well, I don't mind that," he returned, putting his feet up again. "After all, she was a mighty fine little girl in her way. The only trouble with me was that crowd of boys. Having to listen to them liked to kill me, and I believe if she'd stayed just one more day I'd been a goner!"

"Mr. Parcher!" a youthful voice repeated.

He rose and, separating two of the vines which screened the end of the porch from the street, looked out. Two small maidens had paused upon the sidewalk and were peering over the picket fence.

"Mr. Parcher," said Jane as soon as his head appeared between the vines—"Mr. Parcher, Miss Pratt's gone. She's gone away on the cars."

"You think so?" he asked gravely.

"We saw her," said Jane. "Rannie an' I were there. Willie was goin' to chase us, I guess, but we went in the baggage room behind trunks, an' we saw her go. She got on the cars, an' it went with her in it. Honest, she's gone away, Mr. Parcher."

Before speaking Mr. Parcher took a long look at this telepathic child. In his fond eyes she was a marvel and a darling.

"Well, thank you, Jane," he said.

Jane, however, had turned her head and was staring at the corner, which was out of his sight.

"Oo-oo-ooh!" she murmured.

"What's the trouble, Jane?"

"Willie!" she said. "It's Willie an' that Joe Bullitt an' Johnnie Watson an' Mr. Wallace Banks. They're with Miss May Parcher. They're comin' right here!"

Mr. Parcher gave forth a low moan and turned pathetically to his wife, but she cheered him with a laugh.

"They've only walked up from the station with May," she said. "They won't come in. You'll see!"

Relieved, Mr. Parcher turned again to speak to Jane, but she was not there. He caught but a glimpse of her, running up the street as fast as she could, hand in hand with her companion.

"Run, Rannie, run!" panted Jane. "I got to get home an' tell mamma about it before Willie! I bet I ketch Hail Columbia, anyway, when he does get there!"

And in this she was not mistaken: she caught Hail Columbia. It lasted all afternoon.

It was still continuing after dinner that evening, when an oft repeated yodel, followed by a shrill walled "Jane-ee! Oh, Jane-nee-ee!" brought her to an open window downstairs. In the early dusk she looked out upon the washed face of Rannie Kirsted, who stood on the lawn below. "Come on out, Janie. Mamma says I can stay outdoors an' play till half past 8."

Jane shook her head. "I can't. I can't go outside the house till tomorrow. It's because we walked after Willie with our stummicks out o' joint."

"Can't you come out at all?" Rannie urged. "Go ask your mother. Tell her"—

"How can I?" Jane inquired, with a little heat, "when she isn't here to ask? She's gone out to play cards, she and papa."

Rannie swung her foot. "Well," she said, "I guess I haf to find somep'n to do. G'night!"

With head bowed in thought she moved away. Jane, on her part, left the window and went to the open front door. Conscientiously, she did not cross the threshold, but restrained herself to looking out. On the steps of the porch sat William alone, his back toward the house.

"Willie," said Jane softly, and, as he made no response, she lifted her voice a little, "Will-ee!"

"Whatchwant!" he grunted, not moving.

"Willie, I told mamma I was sorry I made you feel so bad."

"All right!" he returned curtly.

"Well, when I haf to go to bed, Willie," she said, "mamma told me because I made you feel bad I haf to go upstairs by myself tonight."

She paused, seeming to hope that he would say something, but he spake not.

"Willie, I don't haf to go for awhile yet, but when I do—maybe in about a half an hour—I wish you'd come stand at the foot of the stairs till I get up there. The light's lit upstairs, but down around here it's kind of dark."

He did not answer.

"Will you, Willie?"

"Oh, all right!" he said.

This contented her, and she seated herself so quietly upon the floor just inside the door that he ceased to be aware of her, thinking she had gone away. He sat staring vacantly into the darkness, which had come on with that abruptness which belongs to be noticeable in September. His elbows were on his knees, and his body was sunk far forward in an attitude of desolation.

The small noises of the town—that town so empty tonight—fell upon his ears mockingly. It seemed to him incredible that so hollow a town could go about its nightly affairs just as usual. A man and a woman going by laughed loudly at something the man had said. The sound of their laughter was horrid to William. And from a great distance—from far out in the country—there came the faint, long drawn whistle of an engine.

That was the sorrowfulest sound of all to William. His lonely mind's eye sought the vasty spaces of the east—crossed prairie and river and hill to where a long train whizzed onward through the dark, farther and farther and farther away. William uttered a sigh so hoarse, so deep from the tombs, so prolonged, that Jane, who had been relaxing herself at full length upon the floor, sat up straight with a jerk. But she was wise enough not to speak.

Now the full moon came masquerading among the branches of the shade trees. It came in the likeness of an enormous football, gloriously orange. Gorgeously it rose higher, cleared the trees and resumed its wonted impersonation of a silver disk. Here was another mockery. What was the use of a moon now?

There came from a little distance down the street the sound of a young male voice, singing. It was not a musical voice, yet sufficiently loud, and it knew only a portion of the words and air it sought to render; but, upon completing the portion it did know, it instantly began again and sang that portion over and over with brightest patience. Thus:

"My countree, 'tis of thee,
Sweet land of liber-tee,
My countree, 'tis of thee,
Sweet land of liber-tee,
My countree, 'tis of thee,
Sweet land of liber-tee,
My countree, 'tis of thee,
Sweet land of liber-tee,
My countree, 'tis'—

Jane spoke unconsciously. "It's Freddie," she said.

William leaped to his feet. This was something he could not bear. He made a bloodthirsty dash toward the gate, which the singer was passing.

"You get out o' here!" William roared.

The song stopped. Freddie Banks fled like a rag on the wind.

Now here is a strange matter.

The antique prophets prophesied successfully; they practiced with some ease that art since lost, but partly rediscovered by M. Maeterlinck, who proves to us that the future already exists, simultaneously with the present. Well, if his proofs be true, then at this very moment when William thought menacingly of Freddie Banks, the bright air of a happy June evening—an evening ordinarily reckoned ten years, nine months and twenty-one days in advance of this present sorrowful evening—the bright air of that happy June evening, so far in the future, was actually already trembling to a wedding march played upon a church organ, and this self same Freddie, with a white flower in his buttonhole and in every detail accoutred as a wedding usher, was an usher for this very William who now (as we ordinarily count time) threatened his person.

But for more miracles:

As William turned again to resume his meditations upon the steps his incredulous eyes fell upon a performance amazingly beyond fantasy and without parallel as a means to make scorn of him. Not ten feet from the porch, and in the white moonlight that made brilliant the path to the gate, Miss Mary Randolph Kirsted was walking. She was walking with insulting pomposity in her most pronounced semi-circular manner.

"You get out o' here!" she said in a voice as deep and hoarse as she could make it. "You get out o' here!"

Her intention was as plain as the moon. She was presenting in her own person a sketch of William, by this means expressing her opinion of him and avenging Jane.

"You get out o' here!" she croaked.

The shocking audacity took William's breath. He gasped.

"Why, you—you"— he cried. "You—you sooty faced little girl!"

In this fashion he directly addressed Miss Mary Randolph Kirsted for the first time in his life.

And that was the strangest thing of this strange evening, strangest because, as with life itself, there was nothing remarkable upon the surface of it. But if M. Maeterlinck has the right of the matter and if the bright air of that June evening, almost eleven years in the so called future, was indeed already trembling to "Lohengrin," then William stood with Johnnie Watson against a great bank of flowers at the door of a church aisle, that aisle was roped with white satin ribbons, and William and Johnnie were waiting for something important to happen. And then, to the strains of "Here Comes the Bride," it did—a stately, solemn, roseate, gentle young thing with bright eyes seeking through a veil for William's eyes.

Yes, if great M. Maeterlinck is right, it seems that William ought to have caught at least some eerie echo of that wedding march, however faint—some bars or strains adrift before their time upon the moonlight of this September night in his eighteenth year.

For there, beyond the possibility of any fate to intervene or of any later vague, fragmentary memory of even Miss Pratt to impair, there in that moonlight was his future before him.

He started forward furiously. "You—you—you little"—

But he paused, not wasting his breath upon the empty air.

His bride to be was gone.

THE END.

Philanthropic Strangers.

Another pathetic little feature of everyday life is the number of exceptional opportunities to make money very rapidly that come to a man by mail from perfect strangers.—Columbus (Ohio) State Journal.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

On Friday, the 24th day of August, 1917, the undersigned, Administrators of the Estate of John E. Singley, deceased, late of the Township of Hamiltonban, County of Adams and State of Pennsylvania, in pursuance of an order of the Orphans Court of Adams County, made the 9th day of July, 1917, and to them directed, will sell at public sale the following described real estate, to wit:

Tract No. 1. All that tract of land situate in the Township of Hamiltonban, aforesaid, along the Cold Springs Road, about one mile from the Fairfield-Gettysburg Road and about one mile from the Fairfield-Cashtown Road, adjoining other lands of the decedent, hereinafter described as tract No. 2, land of P. Musselman, Alex Rockwell, Charles Harr and others along the dividing line of the Townships of Hamiltonban and Highland, containing forty-three and one-half (43 1-2) acres, more or less. About four acres of this tract is good meadow land, about eight acres timber land, principally white-oak, and the balance arable and in a good state of cultivation. This tract is fenced with worm and wire fences, in good condition, and a never failing stream of water flowing through it.

Tract No. 2. All that tract of land situate in the Township of Hamilton ban, aforesaid, along the Cold Springs Road, about one mile from Fairfield-Gettysburg Road and about one mile from the Fairfield-Cashtown Road, adjoining lands of E. G. Cluck, lands formerly Edward Singley, tract No. 1, lands of John A. Rockwell and others, containing five acres and seventy-eight perches (5A. 78 Per.) more or less; improved with a two story frame weather boarded house, with a one and three-quarter story frame weather boarded kitchen attached, small frame barn, with wagon-shed attached, hog-pen, chicken-house, corn-crib and other necessary out buildings, all in fair condition, with a never failing well of water located about twenty-five feet from the house. There are on this tract fruit trees of the varities suitable for and in a quantity sufficient for family use; also a grove of good white-oak, hickory and swamp-oak. This property is also well fenced with wire and Biesecker fences, in good condition.

Sale will commence at 1:30 p. m., on tract No. 1, along Cold Springs Road and opposite the buildings on Tract No. 2, at which time Tract No. 1 will be sold; tract No. 2 will be sold at two p. m., sale to be held at the buildings on tract No. 2. At the aforesaid times and places attendance will be given and terms made known by

SARAH E. SINGLEY
R. MERVIN SINGLEY
Administrators of the Estate of John E. Singley, deceased.
Butt & Butt
Attys. for Administrators.

ALSO

The undersigned, at 2:30 o'clock p. m. of said 24th day of August, 1917, will sell at public sale, to be held on the property, all that tract of land situate near the Cold Springs Road, about one mile from the Fairfield-Gettysburg Road and about one mile from the Fairfield-Cashtown Road, and in the Township of Hamiltonban, County of Adams and State of Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of C. P. Bream, Ed. Miller, John A. Rockwell, tract No. 2 above described and E. G. Cluck, containing 20 acres 27 Perches, more or less. Property is improved with a one and three-quarter story log weather boarded house, with porch on both sides, with a one and one-half story frame kitchen attached and covering a well of never failing water and pump, two large chicken houses, small frame bank barn, with pump house wagon shed and corn-crib attached hog-pen, smoke house and all other necessary out buildings, in fair condition. The wells of water, both at the house and barn, are conveniently located and covered. There are about 5 acres of good timber, principally poplar and white-oak, on this tract; two small orchards, one apple the other of peach trees, each of about seventy five trees, in good condition and just coming into bearing; also other fruit trees of the varities suitable for and in a quantity sufficient for family use. This property is partially fenced with good wire and Biesecker fences. This tract was formerly known as the "Sugar Loaf property" or "Hull property."

Sale will be held at the buildings on this tract, at which place and at the above stated time attendance will be given and terms made known by

SARAH E. SINGLEY

WANTED
1000 Cords of Pulp wood delivered along W. M. and P. & R. Railways. Gum, Poplar, Sycamore, and Linn.
CHAS. J. DEARDORFF
United phone 633 P.—Gettysburg

VOTE TO STRIKE IN N. Y. SHIPYARDS

12,000 Delegates so Instruct Marine Trade Council.

DEMAND $4.50 PER DAY

Men Declare They Do Not Wish to Embarrass Government, Only Want Share of Profits.

New York, Aug. 22.—As a move to force all shipyards in New York and vicinity to grant a $4.50 wage day, delegates at a meeting of shipyards' strikers voted to instruct the marine trades council to call a general strike in all New York yards, including the New York navy yard. About 12,000 took part.

Leaders of the men were mostly opposed to their action. The matter of recommending a country-wide strike in shipyards was discussed, but not acted upon.

The speakers at the meeting in Tammany Hall said they did not wish to embarrass the government at this time, but referred to the profits which they said shipbuilders were now making.

"We are going to share in the benefits of this new condition, said one of the speakers, "or we will declare war on every shipyard in the country."

The men demand a wage of $4.50 a day. About fourteen of the shipbuilding plants in New York and vicinity have met the demands of the men, who say the wage they ask is the one being paid by the government at the navy yard in New York.

Washington Strike Off.

Washington, Aug. 22.—As a result of conferences in which representatives of shipbuilders, the shipping board and the American federation of Labor participated a strike of more than 1000 shipbuilders in the Gray's Harbor district of Washington was declared off and the men were ordered back to work.

The strike is said to have been sympathetic. The yards at Aberdeen and Hoquiam are working on wooden ships for the government.

Secretary Wilson Goes to Avert Strike.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Secretary Wilson left for Birmingham, Ala., to attempt a settlement of the threatened strike of coal miners.

Some 25,000 men are involved. The miners were to have struck Monday, but postponed their action at the secretary's request, that the department of labor be permitted to act as a conciliator. On Thursday Secretary Wilson will confer with both sides.

Strike Affects Wilmington Plant.

Wilmington, Aug. 22.—Thus far the labor troubles in Wilmington shipbuilding establishments are confined to a walkout of two or three hundred metal workers at the plant of the Pusey & Jones company.

Their grievance is in respect of rates and arrangements of pay for team work in the disposition of which the men allege favoritism by foremen. Also, they made request for the discharge of an employe who, they allege, spoke insultingly of their union.

GARRETT SUCCEEDS VAN DYKE

Baltimore Man Named New Minister to Netherlands.

Washington, Aug. 22.—John Work Garrett, of Baltimore, was nominated by President Wilson as minister to The Netherlands and Luxemburg.

Mr. Garrett succeeds Dr. Henry Van Dyke, who resigned some ime ago. Although accredited also to Luxemburg, as is the custom of the diplomatic service, Mr. Garrett hardly will go there. The duchy has been overrun by the Germans and now is under their military control.

Mr. Garrett, a partner in the banking firm of Robert Garrett & Sons, Baltimore, has held a number of diplomatic appointments since he entered the service in 1901 as secretary to the American legation at The Hague. He held successively the posts of secretary to the American legation to The Netherlands and Luxemburg, 1903-1905; second secretary of the American embassy at Berlin, 1905-1908; first secretary of the American embassy at Rome, 1908-1911; minister plenipotentiary to Argentine, 1911-1914; special agent of the department of state to

RED CROSS AIDS RUSSIAN HOSPITALS

Sends Big Consignment of Supplies to Eastern Front.

Washington, Aug. 22.—In response to an urgent request from Dr. Frank Billings, head of the Red Cross commission to Russia, the American Red Cross is sending a large quantity of medical and surgical supplies to meet the urgent needs of the Russian military hospitals.

This supplements an earlier consignment which was forwarded for immediate use when the commisison sailed to investigate the Russian situation.

The commission carried with it $200,000 worth of such material, including among other supplies over fifty microscopes and 45,000 slides; 4600 clinical thermometers, 288 operating knives, 23,000 lengths of catgut, 1700 ice caps, 175,000 morphine sulphate tablets and 200,000 antiseptic tablets.

Russia has had great difficulty in securing enough hospital equipment and supplies to take proper care of her large armies.

In the new consignment, for which the war council appropriated $160,000, there are 180,000 tablets of quinine sulphate, 1000 pounds of chloroform, 10,000 tablets each of atrophin and strychnine for hypodermic injection, 50,000 doses of anti-typhoid vaccine, also tetanus antitoxin and piptheria, smallpox, cholera and plague vaccine, 10,000 pounds soap, twenty-five dozen hot water bottles, 10,000 pounds of gauze dressings and pads, 10,000 bandages and rolls, 1000 blankets and six dozen stethoscopes, and various laboratory supplies.

GARFIELD MAY CONTROL COAL

President Cancels Cabinet Meeting to Devote Time to Fuel Problems.

Washington, Aug. 22.—President Wilson cancelled the usual Tuesday cabinet meeting to devote his attention to the coal situation.

The president is about to appoint a coal administrator, but he has not selected the man for the place.

There were outward indications that the president was seriously considering the appointment of Harry A. Garfield, president of Williams College, as coal administrator. Mr. Garfield already has been named a member of the food administration commission, which will fix the price of the 1917 wheat crop. A number of officials in touch with the situation thought Mr. Garfield's selection probable.

Officials say the president feels there is no question that the price of coal is too high and is anxious to remedy that condition as soon as possible. He realizes the necessity for the selection of a highly qualified man for the coal administration position.

Week's British Losses, 14,243.

London, Aug. 21.—British casualties reported in the week total 14,243 officers and men. Of this number, 2873 soldiers lost their lives. The figures follow: Killed or died of wounds: Officers, 325; men, 2548. Wounded and missing: Officers, 846; men, 10,524. Total, 11,370. Total casualties, 14,243.

American Airmen Missing.

Paris, Aug. —Oliver Chadwick New York, member of the aerial squadron of Captain George Guynemer, the famous French airman, has been missing since Tuesday. It is believed he was brought down in an aerial encounter. Corporal Harold Willis, Boston, member of the Lafayette squadron, whose disappearance not far from Verdun on Saturday has been reported, is believed to be a prisoner.

Western Maryland Ry.

New Fast Train FOR BALTIMORE

(Daily, Except Sunday)
—Train No. 46—

Leaves Gettysburg 8:00 a. m.
Arrives Baltimore 10:34 a. m.

Direct connection in Union Station, Baltimore with Pennsylvania Railroad trains to and from

Washington, D. C., Philadelphia New York and the East.

Returning, Train No. 45 leaves, Baltimore-Hillen Station 4:07 P. M. Union Station 4:12 P. M., arrives Gettysburg 7:01 P. M., daily, except Sunday.

Western Maryland Ry.

BASE BALL SCORES

Following is the Result of Games Played Yesterday.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 6; Chicago, 0. (1st game.) Batteries—Seider, Killefer; Vaughn, Elliott.

Chicago, 4; Philadelphia, 2. (2d game.) Batteries—Carter, Wilson; Dixey, Adams.

At New York—Cincinnati, 7; New York, 5. Batteries—Regan, Wingo; Sallee, Rariden.

At Brooklyn—Pittsburgh, 3; Brooklyn, 3. (13 innings, darkness.) Batteries—Steele, Fischer; Pfeffer, Miller.

At Boston—St. Louis, 1; Boston, 0. (6 innings, rain.) Batteries—Goodwin, Snyder; Hughes, Meyers.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
N.York.	70	39	642	Chicago..	60	56	517
Philada.	59	48	551	Brookln.	53	58	477
St.Louis	61	54	530	Boston...	46	60	434
Cincinti.	63	57	525	Pittsbrg.	36	76	321

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 16; Athletics, 3. Batteries—Bagby, O'Neill; Myers, Schang.

At Detroit—New York, 3; Detroit, 1. (10 innings.) Batteries—Shawkey, Nunamaker; Boland, Yelle.

At Chicago—Chicago, 2; Boston, 0. Batteries—Russell, Schalk; Ruth, Agnew.

St. Louis-Washington—Rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago.	74	45	622	N.York..	55	58	487
Boston..	69	46	600	Washtn..	53	60	469
Clevelnd	65	56	537	St.Louis.	45	72	385
Detroit.	60	57	513	Athletic.	42	69	378

A Warning.

After poor Digby had been floored by ptomaine poisoning after a luncheon at a Chinese restaurant, Wagley, the facetious physician, pronounced it an attempt at chop-suey cide, which explains why it was the physician and not the patient who was taken to the hospital in the ambulance.—Chicago Herald.

Letters.

It is estimated that about two-thirds of all the letters carried by the postal service of the world are written, sent to and read by English-speaking people.

FOR SALE

Pair field glasses

777 Baltimore St.

Test of Spruce Gum.

The test of a good chew of spruce gum is first in the taste, then in the color. If there is no trace of turpentine in the taste—not more than an agreeable bitterness as the lump is first crushed in the mouth, then it is good gum. If, after a few minutes' chewing, the cud shows a pinkish lavender shade, then it is perfect gum.

$4.75

SEASHORE EXCURSIONS

Via Reading Railway

August 23; September 6.

16 Day tickets. Stop over allowed at Harrisburg and Philadelphia, going and returning.

Our New Serial

by MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

"K"—yes, that's the name. Rather short title, but a story that's long in the elements that make you sit up late nights with a good book. K. Le Moyne has been a famous surgeon. That much Mrs. Rinehart lets you know soon after the story opens. But why, at the age of thirty, should he drop out of the world that has known him and come to the little town where Sidney Page lives?

Sidney is a strong beautiful girl, training hard to become a nurse. Perhaps it is because she is so happy and so young that life suddenly begins to press in upon her, crowding her ideals with puzzling, harsh realities. But, always there are friends who love and watch over her—and there is "K."

When the last installment is completed you will agree this is the best mystery story that you have read in many a day—a vivid page out of the book of life—a tale that will be greatly appreciated by young and old.

Be Sure to Read It

Cut out and mail to Gettysburg Chapter Red Cross, Gettysburg Pa.

Application for Membership

Make All Checks Payable to C. W. STOCK, Treas.

Date .....

I hereby apply for membership in the class checked below and enclose the sum of..... Dollars ($..... ...) therefor.

Please check class desired and be sure to write name legibly

[ ]	Annual Member	$1
[ ]*	Subscribing Member . . annually	2
[ ]*	Contributing Member . . annually	5
[ ]*	Sustaining Member . . . annually	10
[ ]*	Life Member . . . one payment	25
[ ]*	Patron Member . . . one payment	100

Name _____

Home Address _____

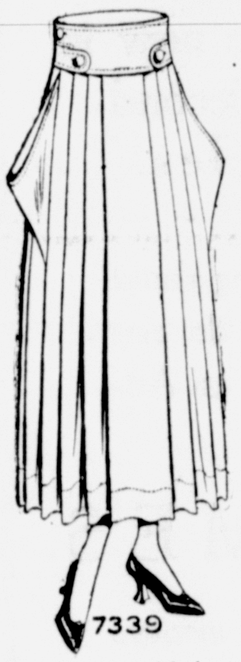
City or State _____

IMPORTANT—Memberships in classes starred (*) above include annual subscriptions to the American Red Cross Magazine, handsomely illustrated, published monthly.

Easy & Practical Home Dress Making Lessons

Prepared Specially for This Newspaper By Pictorial Review

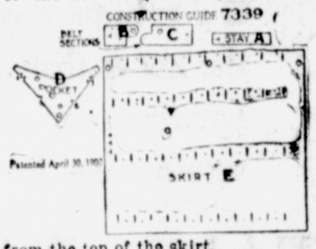
Side-Plaited Skirt Cut in One Piece.



A separate skirt model of rare distinction. It is made in one piece and the fulness is taken in with side plaits held in place under a straight belt.

The plaited skirt runs a strong favorite among the separate models. All of the fashionable materials lend themselves to plaited arrangements, so that one has a wide choice in selecting the fabric for this one-piece skirt. The waistline is in high effect, the closing being effected at the center back. Pointed pockets are inserted under plaits at the sides and the two-piece belt is trimmed with tabs. In medium size the skirt requires 4¼ yards 36 or 3 yards 54-inch material. If the lower edge be trimmed with banding 5½ yards will be required for any side.

The construction guide makes it so easy for the home dressmaker to duplicate this model. After the back seam of the skirt is closed below double small "oo" perforations and the edges finished for a placket, form plaits by creasing on lines of slot perforations. Bring the folded edge near the center-back to the seam and bring the remaining folded edges to corresponding lines of small "o" perforations. Baste plaits to position. Leave the fourth plait from the center-front free until after the pocket is adjusted. Stitch plaits to position to the second row of perforations from the top of the skirt.



Next, arrange the stay underneath the skirt with upper edges of stay and skirt even, matching center-fronts and back edges. Stitch upper edges to position and close stay at the back.

The line of large "O" perforations in the pocket indicate the front. Fold pocket bringing the notched edges together and baste notched edges. Slip pocket under the fourth plait from center-front matching single large "O" and double small "oo" perforations in skirt and pocket. Stitch pocket to position under the plait, and stitch folded edge of plait over the pocket.

The belt comes next, and last. Line and lap ends matching corresponding small "o" and large "O" perforations; stitch to position on right side and finish left for closing. Finish with buttons and adjust to position center-fronts and center-backs even. Double small "oo" perforation in front section indicates the upper edge of belt.

Machine stitching may be used for the hem and belt, when no other trimming ornaments the skirt.

Pictorial Review Skirt No. 7339. Sizes, 24 to 32 inches waist.

Many Do.

More advice is given and less followed on the subject of marriage than on anything else. A woman teacher who has preached against teachers marrying has acted contrary to her own advice.—Buffalo Commercial.

Always With Us.

Until we reach the millennium we shall have drones and idlers, but humanity must always stand ready to cast the life-line whenever and wherever a fellow creature is battling against the undertow.

Doings of the Van Loons— What else is Father going to do. By F. Leipziger

GETTYSBURG, PA. GETTYSBURG, PA.

G. W. WEAVER & SON

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT STORE

Final Clearance of 50 Tailored Suits, and 70 Lingerie Dresses

BEGINNING ON THURSDAY 16TH.

AT HALF PRICE

Also 15 Tailored Suits at **$5.00** were $18.75 to $25.00.

This is a great opportunity to get Suits and Dresses from a large choice—based on Spring values—which is less than same goods for Fall.

AT HALF PRICE

The reason for this quick sacrifice is that New Tailored Suits and Coats are coming in and we need the racks now used for Spring to show them.

Clearance Price on Non-Shrinking Wash Skirts

Were $2.75 $3.00 $3.25 NOW $1.95;

Were $3.75 $4.00 $4.50 NOW $2.90

Were $5.00 $6.00 NOW $3.90

Many other Items of Seasonable Goods added to this Sale at Great Sacrifice of Value.

TURN IT INTO MONEY

Many persons are now in the market for Second-hand Articles.

If you have anything about the house that you do not have use for place an Advertisement in

THE TIMES.

and turn it into money.

FOR SALE

One Model 80, Five Passenger Overland Touring Car.

This car has been run but 3800 miles and is in excellent condition. Equipped with electric lights and self starter.

Also

One E. M. F. Five Passenger Touring Car.

S. G. BIGHAM, Biglerville, Pa.

RACING

The third annual matinee of season will be held on

CONEWAGO TRACK

Near HUNTERSTOWN

On SATURDAY, AUGUST 25.

BIG LIST OF HORSES ENTERED

Refreshments of all kinds on grounds.

Admission 10 cents to all over 10 years. Race at 1:30.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY

ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 28, 1917.

The undersigned will offer at public sale her property situated in Mt. Pleasant township, one half mile south of Bonneauville, on the Two Taverns road, adjoining lands of Jacob Weaver, George Gebhart, and others, containing six acres and forty six perches, more or less, improved with a six room frame house, small barn, chicken house, hog pen, corn crib, and butcher shop. The buildings have lately been painted and are in first class order. The land is in good state of cultivation, under good fencing and a well of never failing water is close to the house. Fruit of all kinds. A very desirable home for a small family. Close to store, church and school.

LORETTA KEISER GINTER.

ALSO

At the same time and place the undersigned will sell her personal property as follows:

TWO FINE SHOATS

Two bedsteads; spring cot; two large square feather pillows and bolster; bed quilts; Singer sewing machine, in good running order; large six leg table; small table; desk with glass in top; two looking glasses; bed room stand; picture and frame; seventeen yards ingrain carpet; lot of good home made carpet; six kitchen chairs; rocking chairs; eight day clock; No. 7 Climax cook stove and pipe, no better baker to be found; knives; forks; spoons; dishes; sink; stationary ironing board; three cold handle smoothing irons; good quilting frames; doughtray; churn and buck; wash tub; milk can; thirteen foot ladder; wheelbarrow; meat bench; hand, wood and meat saws; double bit axe; maul and wedges; chick feed grinder; two kettle rings; digging iron; hand rake; manure fork and shovel, and many other articles not herein mentioned.

Sale to begin at 1:00 o'clock. Terms: a credit of eleven months will be given on sums in excess of $5.00, to purchasers giving their notes with approved security. All sums under $5.00 cash.

MRS. JULIA KEISER.

(Medical Advertising)

SAGE AND SULPHUR DARKENS GRAY HAIR

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Restore Color, Gloss and Attractiveness.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is mussy and troublesome. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this famous old recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, for about 50 cents.

Don't stay gray. Try it! No one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy and attractive.

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire dark hair and a youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

How Government Will Control The Supply and Price of Wheat

Food Administration Explains the Difficulties That Have Arisen and Makes Known Its Plans to Overcome Them.

Food Control Bill Does Not Fix Minimum Price For 1917 Crop, and This Must Be Kept Within Reason, to Curb Speculators.

THE food administration has announced its plans as to the control of wheat, flour and bread.

The disturbance to the world's commerce and short supplies has caused a greater disruption of the normal markets for wheat than any other cereal.

First.—As a result of the isolation of certain of the world's wheat producing countries by either belligerent lines or short shipping the normal determination of the price of wheat by the ebb and flow of commerce is totally destroyed.

Second.—In order to control speculation and to secure more equitable distribution of the available wheat and flour between their countries the allied governments have placed the whole purchase of their supplies in the hands of one buyer. Also the European neutrals are now buying their wheat through single government agents instead of in the normal course of commerce. Therefore the export price of wheat and flour—and this is the real price—if not controlled will be subject to almost a single will of the foreign purchaser.

Third.—In normal times American wheat moves largely to Europe in the fall months. This year the shortage of shipping necessitates its distribution over the entire year. Therefore there is danger of a glut in our warehouse system over a considerable period.

Fourth.—There are large stocks of wheat which cannot be drawn upon by the allies during the war, but in the event of peace or defeat of the submarines these would be available and might seriously demoralize the demand for American wheat.

Fifth.—It must be clearly understood that the guaranteed minimum price of $2 per bushel for wheat, set out in the food bill, does not apply to the 1917 harvest, but only to the 1918 harvest, and then under conditions which must be elaborated. There is therefore no determined price for the 1917 harvest.

Must Regulate the Price.

The result of this situation is that the normal price making machinery is entirely broken down unless some efficient government action is brought into play. Either (a) the American producer may face a slump in wheat, possibly below his production cost, and (b) the export price of wheat, which ultimately determines the real price, is at the will of a single agency. (c) Some one must buy the surplus wheat at any given moment, and if the surplus passes into speculative hands it will be held for higher prices later in the year. (d) With stabilized prices, extra hazards are introduced into all distribution links, which must be paid for by the consumer. It must be evident that the United States government can more justly deal with the situation than any of the agencies mentioned.

Therefore the food administration has determined to take the following course:

First, in order to eliminate speculation in wheat and flour, all elevators and mills of over 100 barrels daily capacity will be required to take out a government license, the conditions of this license to be that only reasonable and customary charges shall be made for warehouse service, that no wheat shall be stored for more than thirty days without the approval of the food administration and that certain information as to receipts and shipments shall be supplied regularly. The grain exchanges are being asked to suspend all dealings and quotations in future wheat. These regulations will come into force Sept. 1.

While farmers' co-operative elevators are excepted by the food bill, this, however, applies only to mutual concerns and not to stock companies, and, in any event, under the advantages of joining the plan none are likely to stand out.

To Open Agencies at Terminals.

In substitution of the broken down marketing machinery the food administration proposes to open agencies for the purchase of all wheat at the principal terminals, carrying on its transactions with the usual dealers, and it is prepared to take the whole harvest if necessary in order to maintain a fair price and will resell wheat for export in such quantities as we can afford to part with in protection of our own people, on one hand, and to sell, on the other, to the millers for domestic consumption. The administration will make no charge except a nominal percentage to cover costs of the operation, and arrangements will be made which will assure the government against loss.

In order that nothing shall be left to mischance we are setting up a properly constituted and independent auditing committee, which will check all transactions at every point.

The food administration, under these arrangements, would have a large influence in fixing the price of wheat. With a view to determining a fair price, the president has approved the appointment of a committee to be selected from representatives of the producing sections and consuming elements of the nation. This committee will be assembled under the chairmanship of President Garfield of Williams college, and it will be the duty of this committee to determine a fair price for the 1917 harvest. Upon the determination of this fair basis it is the intention of the food administration to use every authority given it under the bill and the control of exports to effect the universality of this fair basis throughout the whole of the 1917 harvest year without change or fluctuation. It should thus be clear that it will not be to the advantage of any producer to hold back his grain in anticipation of further advance, for he will do so only at his own cost of storage and interest, and if it is necessary for the government to buy the entire wheat harvest, in order to maintain this fair price in protection of the producer, the food administrators intend to do so.

A Blow at Speculators.

Furthermore, the holding of wheat or flour contracts by persons not engaged in the trade, and even when in trade, in larger quantities than are necessary for the ordinary course of their business is unlawful under the act, and such cases will be prosecuted with vigor. And such holders would be advised to liquidate their contracts at once.

"By the above arrangement we believe that we shall stabilize the price of wheat throughout the year, that the hazards of operation due to fluctuating prices which are imposed upon our milling and distributing community will be eliminated, and therefore their business can return to the normal lines and the normal margins of profit, and that we shall not only have stabilized the price of wheat, but stabilized the price of flour, and that it should enable us to arrive at a stabilized price of bread," says the board.

The food administration has had the patriotic co-operation of the leading millers of the country, and these millers have organized at the request of the food administration a committee to represent the entire trade. Detailed proposals for an agreed differential of profit and expenses per barrel of flour and per ton of feed are under discussion. Under this arrangement the public will be assured an equitable and stabilized price of flour based upon the cost of raw material, and we confidently expect the volunteer arrangement with the mills which will give satisfaction to the public.

The universal endeavor over the country to reduce consumption of wheat breadstuffs, in order that we may have the requisite exports with which to carry the allies over the forthcoming winter, will result in a largely increased amount of wheat available for export. If it were exported as wheat it would result in diminution of employment in our mills and, of equal importance, curtailment of supply of mill feed for our dairy cattle. Therefore the food administration will stipulate for a large proportion of export of flour instead of wheat, and as the export orders for flour will be given subject to the approval of the food administration those which co-operate with the food administration will be given the benefit of the exports employment. By thus encouraging the home production of flour the manufacturing cost will be reduced, and therefore the American public will receive indirect benefit in lowered margins of cost in distribution.

In accordance with the policy of the administration to co-operate with all trades, it is also discussing details of voluntary arrangements with the flour distributors by which agreed differentials may be effected in the wholesale trade.

Investigate Cost of Baking.

An exhaustive investigation is being made into the cost of baking and bread distribution, and active discussions are being carried on with the bakers' war emergency committee as to plans for the elimination of waste in the industry and the production of a standard loaf.

It is impossible to anticipate the price to be enunciated by the "fair price committee," under Dr. Garfield, and it will probably require two or three weeks in its determination.

The basis of determination will be to arrive at a price which represents a fair return to the producer for his patriotic endeavor to increase the supply and a proper reduction of the cost of flour to the consumer.

It must be evident to all thinking persons that unless the price of wheat, flour and bread can be materially reduced we cannot expect to maintain the present wage scale of the country and that we must in this social readjustment lose efficiency at a time when we can afford no such sacrifice.

Cheaper to Travel.

Now that Detroit banks are again charging a discount on Canadian currency it is cheaper for the possessor of Canadian money in any large amounts to pay his fare on the ferryboats, lose several hours en route to Windsor and exchange his money at a Canadian bank.

Put on Seventy-five Tons.

In one month 10,000 sailors at Great Lakes training station have gained seventy-five tons in aggregate weight.

Themselves.

Women wish to be loved without a why or a wherefore—not because they are pretty or good, or wellbred, or graceful, or intelligent, but because they are themselves.—Amiel.

And How About the Lady?

When they perfect that invention for seeing the man you are talking to over the telephone, the little man with the gruff voice will lose a tremendous advantage.—Milwaukee Journal.

August Clearance Sale

—OF—

MEN'S, WOMEN'S and CHIDREN'S LOW SHOES

Including Men's and Youngmen's Palm Beach Suits and Boy's Wash Suits.

STRAW HATS ONE-HALF OFF, of the former prices.

O. H. LESTZ,

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A wonderful all star cast. A magnificent dramatic production in five acts.

ADULTS 10 cents CHILDREN 5 cents

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SECOND-HAND FURNITURE,

SATURDAY, AUGUST 25TH,

at 1:00 o'clock.

In front of Court House, Baltimore Street.

Goods to be sold consist of a general line of HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

H. B. Bender.

Final Cut Prices On Millinery

Genuine Panamas $1.00

25 Trimmed Hats worth $4.00 to $6.00, at $1.98.

25-$2.50 and $3.50 Trimmed Hats at $1.00.

Complete line of musical instruments and music.

Banjos, Mandolins, Guitars, Ukelele, Painos, Mouth Organs.

Smith's Hat Shop, 13 Chambersburg St.

FESTIVAL

—AT—

McKNIGHTSTOWN, SATURDAY, AUGUST 25th

—BY—

Mcknightstown Reformed Congregation

Chicken Soup and Refreshments of all kinds.

Music by Regimental Band. Everybody Welcome.

Roofing Spouting Heating

Pipe fittings and pipes of desired sizes.

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